# Comparative Analysis of Terminology in EU Legislation on Taxation in English, Croatian and German

**Dumančić, Gabriela** 

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## Sveučilište J.J. Strossmayera u Osijeku

### Filozofski fakultet

Diplomski studij engleskog jezika i književnosti i njemačkog jezika i književnosti

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# J.J. Strossmayer University of Osijek Faculty of Humanities and Social Sciences Department of English Language and Literature

#### Gabriela Dumančić

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Supervisor: Dr. Marija Omazić, full professor Assistant Supervisor: Blaženka Šoštarić, language instructor J.J. Strossmayer University of Osijek
Faculty of Humanities and Social Sciences
Department of English Language and Literature
MA programme in English Language and Literature

#### Gabriela Dumančić

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#### Abstract

This thesis, written on the basis of EU legislation on taxation in English, Croatian, and German, is based on the analysis of twenty nine regulations (one recast included) in force issued by the Parliament, the Council, the Commission, and the European Central Bank, corrigenda excluded. The regulations were issued in the time span from 1968 to 2014, and their analysis not only yields a useful array of correct terminology, but also goes to show how standardized EU terminology is, with its almost omnipresent one-to-one equivalence, and how efficient translators working for the EU have to be and actually are. It shows that English, German and Croatian have different tendencies when it comes to legal terms and orthographic ways of expressing different parts of legislative acts, but also how much these differences are overcome at the EU level, for the purposes of clarity and uniformity. The aim of this thesis is to give useful tips for translating EU legislation, point out the differences to be taken into account, and create a glossary of EU taxation terminology.

Keywords: legislation, taxation, regulation, terminology

#### 1. Introduction

Generally speaking, 'the cost of all language services in all EU institutions amounts to less than 1% of the annual general budget of the EU. Divided by the population of the EU, this comes to around €2 per person per year', according to some estimates (europa.eu n.pag.). However, the importance of this aspect of the EU cannot be measured by the amount of money spent on it. Considering the fact that there are 28 Member States and 24 official languages, it is hard to imagine the EU, as we know it, without diligent translators working more or less behind the scenes. After all, the right of every EU citizen to address any EU employee in the language of their choosing is regulated by Article 20 and Article 24 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (Prevođenje i višejezičnost 3).

Translators' work begins even before their country has joined the EU; there are almost 160,000 pages of EU legislation which have to be translated into the language of the acceding country (Europa.eu n.pag.). 'To ensure quality, documents are always revised by translators whose main language is the target language.' (Europa.eu n.pag.)

However, even native speakers might encounter difficulties when trying to translate EU legislation. To this end, there is a number of translation tools developed by the EU and used by EU translators, which ensure high quality and uniformity of translations. These tools are EUR-Lex (the online database of EU law, useful in those cases when IATE offers no (adequate) solutions), IATE (InterActive Terminology for Europe, terminology database of all EU institutions) (Translation tools and workflow 4, 9) and, of course, the *Interinstitutional style guide*, available in all 24 official EU languages. It contains an array of useful grammatical, pragmatic and orthographic tips and rules. However, for Croatian there is only the draft version available at the time, so that the *Vodič za prevođenje na hrvatski jezik* is the highest authority on the matter.

This master's thesis is based on the analysis of 29 EU regulations (one recast included) in their English, Croatian and German versions and it aims to explore translation options and rules in force. It focuses on the terminology of EU regulations published over a period of 46 years (1968-2014), basically starting from the very foundation of the European Union. These regulations cover the sub-levels tax system, tax, tax on consumption, tax on capital, tax on income, and fiscal policy from the area of finances. They are marked by an asterisk (\*) in the bibliography part so that they cannot be confused with other EU legislative acts used as reference for the purpose of this thesis.

Regulations are one of the three types of EU's secondary legislation, along with directives and decisions. They are the 'legal acts that enable the Union institutions to impinge furthest on the

domestic legal system' (Borchardt 88). There are two distinctive features they possess which make them different from the 'usual' international legislative acts:

- 1. Their mandatory application throughout the European Union, regardless of the borders, or national laws of Member States (Borchardt 88). 'A Member State has no power to apply a regulation incompletely or to select only those provisions of which it approves . . . [n]or can it invoke provisions or practices of domestic law to preclude the mandatory application of a regulation.' (Borchardt 88-89)
- 2. Their direct applicability, i.e. 'the legal acts do not have to be transposed into national law but confer rights or impose obligations on the Union citizen in the same way as national law' (Borchardt 89).

Precisely these two characteristics are of paramount importance for the EU, since, according to Borchardt, '[t]he community of law of the EU and its underlying legal order can survive only if compliance with and safeguarding of that legal order are guaranteed by the two cornerstones: the direct applicability of Union law and the primacy of Union law over national law' (125).

The reason behind the decision to analyse regulations only is the fact that, due to the previously mentioned characteristics, they must be translated into every official language of the European Union, which makes a trilingual analysis possible.

The authors behind the regulations are various: the Commission, the Council of the EU, both independently and jointly with the Parliament, and the European Central Bank. The dispersal of regulations over a longer stretch of time and the variety of authors create a solid foundation for a realistic and diverse analysis.

In those cases where there are no conclusive results gained by the analysis, either further EU legislative acts or the guidelines published by the EU were checked in order to answer a particular question. Where an additional search of EUR-Lex was needed, it was not limited to regulations only, but expanded on any type of a legislative document for which there are available versions in English, Croatian, and German.

The body of this thesis is divided into 3 major parts: Chapter 2 provides general information on regulation authors and the number of regulations drafted by a particular author.

Chapter 3, the longest part of this thesis, contains the results of a detailed analysis and includes subchapters on frequently used terms of *legalese*; translating 'shall'; abbreviations and the issue of (not) translating them; French and Latin terms in English, Croatian and German; English terms

in Croatian and German; denoting EU currency and large numbers; general regulation structure and orthographic differences; differences in sentence numbers; and differences found depending on regulation authors.

Chapter 4 draws conclusions based on the analysis. The appendix contains glossaries of terms in tables, gathered during the analysis and grouped into 4 categories: general terms, frequently used ready-made phrases and sentences, names of institutions, treaties, titles, etc., and frequently found article titles.

#### 2. General information on the authors of the analysed regulations

There are four authors of the 29 regulations analysed for the purpose of this thesis. The European Commission is the leading one, followed by the Council of the EU, which is both an independent author as well as co-author, together with the Parliament. The last but not the least is the European Central Bank.

#### 2.1. European Commission

The European Commission is the politically independent executive body of the European Union responsible for the submission of EU legislation, subsequently adopted by the Parliament and the Council, the enforcement of EU law, and the representation of the EU on the international level. It also draws up annual budgets, prioritizes them and supervises how the allocated money is spent. Its current President is Jean-Claude Juncker and it consists of 28 Commissioners (College), one for each EU Member State (Europa.eu n.pag.). The European Commission is the author of the majority of regulations analysed in this thesis (21 out of 29).

#### 2.2. Council of the European Union

Together with the Parliament, the Council of the European Union is the main decision-making body of the EU. It is comprised of government ministers from EU Member States, but meetings are attended only by the ministers of the policy area to be discussed. Each EU Member State presides over the Council on a 6-month rotating basis. It negotiates and adopts EU legislation, develops its foreign and security policy while taking into account the guidelines proposed by the European Council, coordinates the policies of the EU Member States, and concludes agreements between them and non-EU countries or international organizations. It also adopts the annual budget of the EU, along with the Parliament (Europa.eu n.pag.). The Council is the author of four and co-author (together with the Parliament) of three regulations mentioned in this thesis.

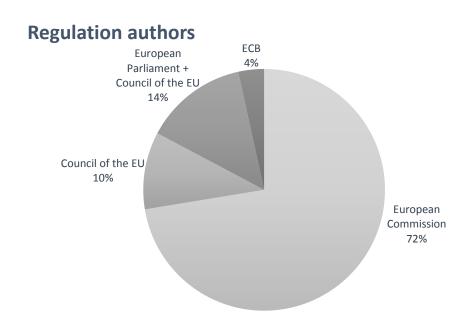
#### 2.3. European Parliament

The European Parliament has 751 members or MEPs who are directly elected by the citizens of the European Union every 5 years. The President of the Parliament is Martin Schulz and its roles are threefold: legislative (passing laws, deciding on enlargements and international agreements, reviewing the Commission's work), budgetary (drawing up the EU budget with the Council,

approving the "Multiannual Financial Framework", the EU's long-term budget), and supervisory (questioning the Commission and the Council, scrutinizing EU institutions, electing the Commission President, approving the Commission, granting discharge, examining petitions, setting up inquiries and discussing monetary policy with the European Central Bank) (Europa.eu n.pag.). The Parliament is the co-author of three regulations analysed in this thesis.

#### 2.4. European Central Bank (ECB)

The European Central Bank manages the euro, aims to keep prices stable and conducts the economic and monetary policy of the European Union. It authorizes the production of euro banknotes, controls money supply and inflation, and ensures the safety of the European banking system. The members of the ECB are its President, Vice-President, currently Mario Draghi, and Vítor Constâncio, respectively, and the governors of national central banks from every EU Member State (Europa eu n.pag.). The ECB is the author of a single, the very last, regulation analysed in this thesis.



Picture 1 Regulation authors in percentages

#### 3. Analysis of EU regulations on taxation

#### 3.1. Frequent terms and phrases

One does not have to read more than a few EU legislative acts in order to notice that there are some terms and word constructions which are used throughout basically all of them. Some have translations which vary from one act to the other, and some are consistently translated in the same way. Although the translations vary, there is a limited number of options from which a translator can choose. This Chapter contains 11 phrases which could present problems in translation, their explanation, as well as the exact place in a document (if it can be pinpointed) where a translator might encounter them. More frequently used, ready-made phrases and sentences can be found in table 6.2. of the Appendix.

#### 3.1.1. As (last) amended by

The phrase 'as (last) amended by' is one of those which is consistently translated in the same way in all the three languages. The German translation is '(zuletzt) geändert durch', and the Croatian is 'kako je (zadnje) izmijenjena' (e.g. 31989R0120 citation 6 of the preamble). IATE confirms the translations for German; however, there are none offered for Croatian, but the abovementioned translation is confirmed by the Croatian *Style Guide* (Vodič za prevođenje na hrvatski jezik 22).

In all the three languages the phrase is used in the so-called 'static references', which refer 'to a specific text as it stands on a specific date' (Joint Practical Guide 33). Unlike 'dynamic references', which come up generally in the enacting terms, 'static references' are used in the preamble and in footnote references referring to something in the preamble: 'Having regard to Council Directive 92/12/EEC of 25 February 1992 on the general arrangements for products subject to excise duty and on the holding movement and monitoring of such products (2), as amended by Directive 92/108/EEC (3), and in particular Article 24 thereof,' (31993R3199); '(2)OJ L 271, 10.12.1971, p. 22. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1996/2006 (OJ L 398, 30.12.2006, p. 1).' (32008R0402).

#### 3.1.2. By way of derogation from

'By way of derogation from' is used for indicating provisions of an act which are in fact substantive amendments to another act. 'Such substantive amendments may concern the scope of the other act,

derogations from its obligations, exceptions to the period of application of the act, and so forth.' (Joint Practical Guide 41)

Even though IATE and *Joint Practical Guide* mention only 'by way of derogation *from*', there is an instance in Regulation 31992R3046, Article 9(4) where the phrase is slightly altered: 'by way of derogation *to*'. This, however, is found nowhere else, so that it can be easily classified as a mistake.

There are two translations in Croatian and German, both according to IATE as well as based on the analysis. The Croatian terms are 'iznimno od' and 'odstupajući od', and the German phrases are 'abweichend von' and 'in Abweichung von'.

There are 11 instances of this particular phrase in the 29 regulations. In the Croatian versions, the translation 'odstupajući od' is the more prevalent one (9 out of 11), whereas 'iznimno od' appears only twice. In the German versions, the translations are even more uniform – 10 examples of 'abweichend von' and only a single one of 'in Abweichung von'. Both of the more frequently used terms are listed in the Croatian *Style guide* as standard translations (Vodič za prevođenje na hrvatski jezik 37).

#### 3.1.3. For the purposes of this Regulation

The phrase 'for the purposes of this Regulation' is most commonly found in the Article titled 'Definitions' (usually the second article). In this case, the whole sentence is (32014R0658 Article 2, e.g.):

- 1. 'For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions apply'
- 2. 'Za potrebe ove Uredbe primjenjuju se sljedeće definicije'
- 3. 'Für die Zwecke dieser Verordnung bezeichnet der Ausdruck'

Otherwise, if found in another place in an act, it is far less standardized and, other than the abovementioned translations, can also be translated as 'u smislu ove Uredbe' (31989R0120 Article 8(4)) into Croatian and by 'im Sinne dieser Verordnung' (31998R0148 Article 1(3)) or 'Zur Anwendung dieser Verordnung' (1989R0120 Article 8(4)) into German.

The German translation of 'for the purposes' ('im Sinne') is confirmed by IATE as well, but there is no adequate translation offered for Croatian. In this case, translators should follow *Vodič za* 

prevođenje na hrvatski jezik once again, according to which the accepted translation is 'za potrebe ove Uredbe' (25).

#### 3.1.4. Having regard to

'Having regard to' is one of the phrases which are rarely seen in the enactment terms; instead, they are present in every citation, and in most cases more than once. The translation of this phrase is quite straight-forward as far as Croatian goes: it is always translated as 'uzimajući u obzir'. The situation in German is a bit more complicated, as shown in the table below with an example from the citation of Regulation 32003R1798.

One should also notice the capital letter in English and the lack thereof in Croatian and German (for more on this subject, see Chapter 3.7.2. of this thesis).

| - treaties                                       | ENG | Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community, and in particular Article 93 thereof |
|--|-----|---|
| <ul><li>regulations</li><li>directives</li></ul> | CRO | uzimajući u obzir Ugovor o osnivanju Europske zajednice, a posebno njegov članak 93.                  |
| – protocols                                      | GER | gestützt auf den Vertrag zur Gründung der Europäischen<br>Gemeinschaft, insbesondere auf Artikel 93   |
|  | ENG | Having regard to the proposal from the Commission   |
| – proposals                                      | CRO | uzimajući u obzir prijedlog Komisije  |
|  | GER | auf Vorschlag der Kommission  |
|  | ENG | Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament   |
| – opinions                                       | CRO | uzimajući u obzir mišljenje Europskog parlamenta  |
|  | GER | nach Stellungnahme des Europäischen Parlaments  |

#### 3.1.5. In accordance with

The phrase 'in accordance with' is one of the most frequently used phrases. Even though IATE offers two more for English, i.e. 'in compliance with' and 'in conformity with', these two are not nearly as frequently encountered in EU legislation. Just to provide a general picture, in Regulation 31992R3046, there are 14 examples of 'in accordance with', one of 'in compliance with' and none for 'in conformity with'.

It is used in different contexts, but there are some sentences which are always the same. These are:

- 1. a) 'Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure' (citation of 32014R0658)
  - b) 'u skladu s redovnim zakonodavnim postupkom'
  - c) 'gemäß dem ordentlichen Gesetzgebungsverfahren'
- 2. a) 'Acting in accordance with a special legislative procedure' (citation of 32012R0389)
  - b) 'u skladu s posebnim zakonodavnim postupkom'
  - c) 'gemäß einem besonderen Gesetzgebungsverfahren'

There is also another situation where there is a ready-made sentence in question (citation 5 of 32002R2246, citation 18 of 32008R0340, e.g.):

- 1. 'The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Committee established under Article . . . of Regulation . . .'
- 2. 'Mjere predviđene ovom Uredbom u skladu su s mišljenjem Odbora osnovanog prema članku . . . Uredbe. . . '
- 3. 'Die Bestimmungen dieser Verordnung stehen im Einklang mit der Stellungnahme des gemäß Artikel . . . der Verordnung . . . eingesetzten Ausschusses'.

Otherwise, in 'normal' situations, and also according to IATE, this phrase is translated as 'u skladu s' or, less frequently 'sukladno' in Croatian, the former being the only one mentioned by the *Vodič za prevođenje na hrvatski jezik* (11, 54, 56) but there are more options in German. The two most commonly used are 'nach' and 'gemäß', but there are also 'entsprechend', 'im Einklang mit', and 'nach Maßgabe'. However, as already mentioned, 'nach' and 'gemäß' are the most used by far.

#### 3.1.6. Notwithstanding

'Notwithstanding' appears 4 times in the 29 regulations analysed, so it is not one of the most frequent terms. It is, however, one highly specific for *legalese*, lacking a transparent meaning and can, therefore, pose problems for translators. Its meaning is in fact 'nevertheless' or 'in spite of' (Oxford Dictionaries n.pag.).

Similar to the case of 'without prejudice to' (Chapter 3.1.11 of this thesis), the translations found in the analysed regulations are 'neovisno o' (31995R1517 9(2), 32014R0319 19(2)), 'bez obzira na' (32010R0234 12(1)), and 'ne dovodeći u pitanje' (32010R0904 7(4)(2)) for Croatian and

'abweichend von' (31995R1517 9(2), 32010R0234 12(1)), 'ungeachtet' (32010R0904 7(4)(2)) and 'unbeschadet' (32014R0319 19(2)) for German.

The German translations are once again confirmed by IATE, and there are none offered for Croatian. There are, however, discrepancies between IATE and the *Style guide*.

It should be noted that 'ne dovodeći u pitanje' is the accepted translation of the phrase 'without prejudice to' (Chapter 3.1.10), so that using it for translating 'notwithstanding' as well only creates confusion and does not help achieve standardisation and uniformity. Also, according to the *Vodič za prevođenje na hrvatski jezik*, the only accepted translation is 'neovisno o' (37).

On the other hand, the only translation for German offered by the same publication is 'ungeachtet' (37).

#### 3.1.7. Pursuant to

'Pursuant to' is another frequent EU legal term the translation of which is not quite standardized, at least according to the analysis. The translations yielded by the analysis of the 29 regulations are more or less a match to the translation options of the phrase 'in accordance with'.

In the case of Croatian, the most frequently encountered translations are 'sukladno' and 'u skladu s'. Here it is important to mention that the latter appeared and is the most dominant one in the more recent regulations, even though not by much, and the only one out of the two offered by IATE. Another solution offered by IATE which comes up in the regulations with a newer date is 'na temelju', though less frequently than 'u skladu s'. One other even less frequent, but offered by IATE, is 'prema'.

Precisely the translation 'prema', even though the least frequent one according to the analysis, is the only one prescribed by the *Vodič za prevođenje na hrvatski jezik* (12) and therefore the one which should be used.

German, on the other hand, once again has more options than Croatian, but just like Croatian, there are two most dominant ones: 'nach' and 'gemäß'. These two are roughly equally represented throughout all 29 regulations. Other translation options include 'in Anwendung', 'im Sinne', 'laut' and 'im Rahmen', but all of these appear only once, with the exception of 'in Anwendung', which comes up twice. The ones confirmed by IATE are 'nach', 'gemäß', and 'im Rahmen'.

#### **3.1.8.** Whereas

This conjunction, meaning 'taking into consideration the fact that' (Oxford Dictionaries n.pag.) is found at the beginning of each recital, followed by a colon. It is translated as 'budući da' into Croatian and as 'in Erwägung nachstehender Gründe' into German.

However, it has not always been so highly standardized; prior to Regulation 32000R0264, the last one being 31998R0152, English used 'whereas' at the beginning of each paragraph (in the linguistic sense of the word) of recital, sometimes even more than once within the same paragraph. Croatian followed its lead, but German did not.

In fact, only in the very first Regulation (31968R0260) does German use something other than 'in Erwägung nachstehender Gründe', and it is only a slight modification: 'in der Erwägung, daß¹'. Other than that, in every regulation analysed in this thesis there is only the phrase 'in Erwägung nachstehender Gründe' followed by a colon.

The German phrase 'in Erwägung nachstehender Gründe' is also the only translation given by IATE for 'whereas'. There are no suggestions for Croatian, but according to the *Vodič za* prevođenje na hrvatski jezik (42), the translation 'budući da' is also the only correct one.

#### **3.1.9.** Within the meaning of

'Within the meaning of' is one of the phrases used to refer to legal provisions, i.e. if a term is only mentioned or both mentioned and defined (English Style Guide 50). The analysis has shown that it is translated as 'u smislu' into Croatian and as 'im Sinne von/des/der' into German. The German version is once again confirmed by both IATE and the *Gemeinsamer Leitfaden* (33, 46), and once again there are no translations offered for Croatian in IATE.

However, even though not entered into IATE, the abovementioned Croatian translation is confirmed by the *Priručnik za prevođenje pravnih propisa Republike Hrvatske na engleski jezik* (Ministarstvo vanjskih poslova i europskih integracija 73) and *Priručnik za prevođenje pravnih akata Europske unije* (Ministarstvo za europske integracije 29).

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The new German spelling, according to which the correct spelling is 'dass', has been in force since 1996.

#### 3.1.10. Without prejudice to

The phrase 'without prejudice to' is quite consistent in its translation into Croatian and German. Due to the lack of clarity of consequences introduced in such a way, *Joint Practical Guide* discourages the usage of this term (31). With this in mind, it comes as no surprise that in the 29 regulations which are the basis of this thesis, 'without prejudice to' appears only 24 times, which is less than one occurrence per regulation.

However, even in these 24 instances, the translators offered some solutions in Croatian and German which were not mentioned by IATE. It offers 'ne dovodeći u pitanje', and 'iznimno od' for Croatian and 'unbeschadet', 'nicht berühren', and 'unberührt lassen' for German.

The one mentioned in the *Gemeinsamer Leitfaden*, 'unbeschadet' (34), is also the most frequent one and the one used constantly in the earlier regulations – in the regulations preceding 2008 (31989R0120, 31992R3046, 32003R1798) it was the only translation to be found. After 2008, there are 13 instances of 'unbeschadet' (32010R0904, 32010R1217, 32012R0389, 32014R0658, 32014R1163) and 6 instances of other translations, so that it still remains the first choice of German translators.

The second most used are 'berührt nicht' and the corresponding passive 'werden nicht berührt'. They are used six times altogether (32008R0340, 32010R0904, 32012R0389, 32014R0658).

The one that stands out in German is 'nicht entgegenstehen', which comes up only once and only in the very last Regulation (32014R1163 (15) of recital), even though the sentence could have been rearranged in order to use 'unbeschadet' or 'wird nicht berührt'. The sentence section in question is 'Im Einklang mit Artikel 30 Absatz 5 der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 1024/2013 *steht* diese Verordnung dem Recht von NCAs *nicht entgegen*' (cf. 'Diese Verordnung steht im Einklang mit Artikel 30 Absatz 5 der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 1024/2013, unbeschadet des Rechts von NCAs' or '... das Recht von NCAs wird von dieser Verordnung nicht berührt').

As far as Croatian is concerned, the most used is 'ne dovodeći u pitanje', together with the slight alteration 'X ne dovodi u pitanje'. Much like in German, up to 2008, in the abovementioned regulations and articles, 'ne dovodeći u pitanje' was the only translation used for 'without prejudice to'. 'Ne dovodeći u pitanje' is the only one confirmed by the Croatian reference manuals (Ministarstvo vanjskih poslova i europskih integracija 160, Vodič za pismeno prevođenje na hrvatski jezik 38), but since the other phrase, 'X ne dovodi u pitanje' is only a slight alteration, it is most likely also acceptable.

Another similarity in comparison with German is the fact that there is one translation which stands out from the others, 'neovisno o', also found in the very last Regulation, 32014R1163, but unlike in German, it comes up twice, in Articles 4(2) and 6(1).

All in all, it would seem a translator cannot go wrong when choosing the Croatian 'ne dovodeći u pitanje' or 'X ne dovodi u pitanje' when a particular sentence demands such a structure, and 'unbeschadet' or both active and passive (Vorgangspassiv) voices of 'nicht berühren' for German. It would also probably be advisable to choose one and stick with it within one document since there is only a single phrase in English.

#### 3.2. Translating 'shall'

According to the Oxford Dictionaries, 'shall' is a modal verb denoting 'an instruction, command, or obligation' (n.pag.). It is found very frequently in the enacting terms of legislative acts in their English version and often represents a problem for translators of other languages. For example, neither Croatian nor German have such a neutral linguistic way, suitable in different contexts from the syntactic as well as from the pragmatic point of view.

As stated in the *Manual for translation of Croatian legal acts into English* (*Priručnik za prevođenje pravnih propisa Republike Hrvatske na engleski jezik*), it is important to keep in mind that 'shall' used in EU legislation does not indicate future, but a certain legal imperative and actually means 'X has a duty to Y' (Ministarstvo vanjskih poslova i europskih integracija 28).

Its translations are highly dependent on the context, but, as stated above, in Croatian it is translated with the indicative present active quite often, and in many cases with the reflexive pronoun 'se', as shown in example 1.a and 1.b. The other options are indicative present passive (2.a and 2.b) and indicative future active (3.a and 3.b) – the former in most cases probably under English influence, the latter being extremely rare:

- 1. a) 'For the purposes of paragraph 1, the term 'taxable person' *shall* have the meaning given to it by Article 4 of the Sixth Directive 77/388/EEC, Euratom, and the notion of exempt activities *shall* be understood as being the activities listed in Article 13 of that Directive.' (32005R0116 Article 1(2))
  - b) 'Za potrebe stavka 1. pojam "porezni obveznik" *ima* značenje iz članka 4. Šeste direktive 77/388/EEZ, Euratom, a djelatnosti koje su izuzete od oporezivanja *smatraju se* djelatnostima iz članka 13. te Direktive.'

- 2. a) any difference between the amount of such levy and that of the highest levy in force on the date of acceptance of the export declaration *shall* be covered by a security' (31989R0120 Article 5(2)(a))
  - b) bilo koja razlika u iznosu te pristojbe i najviše pristojbe koja je na snazi na dan zaprimanja izvozne deklaracije *pokrivena je* sredstvom osiguranja'
- 3. a) 'For supervised entities or supervised groups classified as less significant on the basis of Article 6(4) of Regulation (EU) No 1024/2013, the fee factor of total assets *shall* not exceed EUR 30 billion.' (32014R1163 Article 10(3)(e))
  - b) 'Za nadzirane subjekte ili nadzirane grupe koji su razvrstani kao manje značajni na temelju članka 6. stavka 4. Uredbe (EU) br. 1024/2013, faktor naknade ukupne imovine *neće premašiti* 30 milijardi eura.'

Sometimes 'shall' is also translated by using Croatian modal verbs like 'trebati' (examples 4.a and 4.b) and 'morati' (examples 5.a and 5.b), verbs which in Croatian correspond to the instructive, obligatory, and commanding aspects of 'shall'. It is another translation which comes up quite rarely – it is discouraged due to its directness, but also because 'trebati' leaves some space for interpretation (Ministarstvo vanjskih poslova i europskih integracija 30). However, it is still more common than the future tense:

- 4. a) 'If the commercial documents referred to in Article 2 are used as the simplified accompanying document they *shall* be marked conspicuously with the following statement' (31992R3649 Article 3(1))
  - b) 'Ako se komercijalni dokumenti iz članka 2. koriste kao pojednostavljeni prateći dokumenti, na njima *treba* biti jasno označena sljedeća izjava'
- 5. a) 'the following information *shall* be provided' (32002R2246 Article 6(1))
  - b) 'Moraju se navesti sljedeći podaci'

On the other hand, German translation options include the normatively preferred indicative present active (6.a and 6.b) and indicative present passive (both 'Vorgangspassiv', 7.a and 7.b, and 'Zustandspassiv' 8.a and 8.b), as well as the construction sein (present) + zu + infinitive (9.a and 9.b), and verb + reflexive pronoun 'sich' (10.a and 10.b), so that German has more options to choose from than Croatian:

- 6. a) 'Member States *shall* provide the Commission (Eurostat) with a description of the sources and methods used to compile quarterly data (initial description), no later than March 2000.' (32000R0264 Article 7(1))
  - b) 'Die Mitgliedstaaten *legen* der Kommission (Eurostat) spätestens bis zum März 2000 eine Beschreibung der Quellen und Methoden *vor*, die für die Erstellung vierteljährlicher Daten herangezogen werden (Ausgangsbeschreibung).' (32000R0264 Article 7(1))
- 7. c) 'The information accessed *shall* be protected as personal data under Regulation (EC) No 45/2001.' (32012R0389 Article 29(2))
  - d) 'Die derart zugänglichen Informationen *sind* als personenbezogene Daten im Sinne der Verordnung (EG) Nr. 45/2001 *geschützt*.' (32012R0389 Article 29(2))
- 8. a) 'Where the computerised system is unavailable, a fall-back mutual administrative assistance document *shall* be used instead of the mutual administrative assistance document.' (32012R0389 Article 9(1)(2))
  - b) 'Ist das EDV-gestützte System nicht verfügbar, wird anstelle des Amtshilfedokuments ein Amtshilfe-Ausfalldokument verwendet.' (32012R0389Article 9(1)(2))
- 9. a) 'The amounts referred to in Parts I and II of the Annex *shall* be annually indexed to the inflation rate in accordance with the method set out in Part IV of the Annex.'(32014R0319 Article 3(4))
  - b) 'Die in den Teilen I und II des Anhangs genannten Beträge *sind* jährlich entsprechend der Inflationsrate im Einklang mit der Methode gemäß Teil IV des Anhangs *anzupassen*.' (32014R0319 Article 3(4))
- 10. a) 'The delegation of power *shall* be tacitly extended for periods of an identical duration, unless the European Parliament or the Council opposes such extension not later than three months before the end of each period.' (32014R0658 Article 16(2))
  - b) 'Die Befugnisübertragung *verlängert sich* stillschweigend um Zeiträume gleicher Länge, es sei denn, das Europäische Parlament oder der Rat widersprechen einer solchen Verlängerung spätestens drei Monate vor Ablauf des jeweiligen Zeitraums.' (32014R0658 Article 16(2))

Modal verb translations are present in German as well, but also quite rarely, just like in Croatian. In those cases where they do appear, they also explicitly state the implicit command, instruction or obligation comprised by 'shall':

- 11. a) 'The officials of the requesting authority present in another Member State in accordance with paragraphs 1 and 2 *shall* at all times be able to produce a written authority indicating their identity and their official capacity.' (32012R0389 Article 12(3))
  - b) 'Beamte der ersuchenden Behörde, die sich gemäß den Absätzen 1 und 2 in einem anderen Mitgliedstaat aufhalten, *müssen* jederzeit eine schriftliche Vollmacht vorlegen können, aus der ihre Identität und ihre dienstliche Stellung hervorgehen.' (32012R0389 Article 12(3))
- 12. a) 'The information communicated by the Member States or extracted by the Commission for the purposes of paragraphs 1 to 3 *shall* not contain individual or personal data.' (32012R0389 Article 34(4))
  - b) 'Die Informationen, die für die in den Absätzen 1 bis 3 genannten Zwecke von den Mitgliedstaaten übermittelt oder von der Kommission extrahiert werden, *dürfen* keine individuellen oder personenbezogenen Daten enthalten.'(32012R0389 Article 34(4))

To sum it up, both Croatian and German have a number of translation solutions for the English 'shall', the most dominant one in both languages and the normatively acceptable being indicative present active. However, as already mentioned in the introduction to this Chapter, the translation is largely dependent on the particular context and the present tense is definitely not the only option. The most important aspect to keep in mind is the intended meaning, especially when considering that 'shall' indicates an obligation yet to be fulfilled.

#### 3.3. Abbreviations

Croatian and German seem to have the tendency to translate frequently used terms and their respective abbreviations, e.g. European Central Bank (ECB), Europäische Zentralbank (EZB), Europska središnja banka (ESB). On the other hand, other, more obscure terms are of course translated, but German and Croatian sometimes either omit the abbreviation altogether or simply keep the English one, e.g. national competent authorities (NCAs), nationale zuständige Behörden (NCA, National Competent Authorities), nacionalna nadležna tijela (32014R1163 (1) of the recital).

The abovementioned rule of thumb complies with the *Joint Practical Guide* which says: 'The extent to which abbreviations should be used depends on the potential addressees. The abbreviations should be familiar to them or their meaning clearly explained the first time they are used (for example: 'the European Central Bank (ECB)'; 'the European supervisory authorities (the ESAs)')' (11). The brochure *How to write clearly* gives three specific tips what to do when facing an abbreviation which may not be clear to the reader:

- 1. in case it appears only a few times, write them out in full; or
- 2. write them out in full the first time followed by the abbreviation in brackets, then use only the abbreviation throughout the rest of the document; or
- 3. add a list of abbreviations or a hyperlink with the specific explanation (13).

Universal abbreviations throughout languages enable ease of reference on the international level, even though they might seem unclear to a native speaker. It is, therefore, understandable why translators decide to keep English (mostly in brackets) as well, at least the first time an abbreviation comes up, but also why sometimes they are omitted, especially considering that some languages, like Croatian, are far less inclined to using abbreviations in everyday language in comparison to German, and especially, English.

#### 3.4. Frequency of Latin legal terms

Even though Latin used to be the most influential language of diplomacy until French rose in the 17<sup>th</sup> century, and considering that it is still quite widely used in some areas, including legal jargon, there are surprisingly few examples of Latin in EU legislation.

#### 3.4.1. Inter alia

The term 'inter alia' comes up only twice (31998R0152 (3) of the recital, 32013R1286 (16) of the recital) and only in English. In Croatian it is translated as 'između ostalog' both times, whereas German translated it only once as 'unter anderem' (32013R1286); in Regulation 31998R0152 it is completely omitted from the sentence.

Unlike 'mutatis mutandis' in the next Chapter, IATE gives only native terms for Croatian and German, precisely the ones mentioned above as the solutions found in the two regulations.

#### 3.4.2. Mutatis mutandis

The phrase '(to apply) mutatis mutandis', is found already in the chronologically second regulation of the batch, 31989R0120, Article 3(2)(f), but does not appear again until 2008 and Regulation 32008R0340, Article 13(4). According to the *Joint Practical Guide*, it is used only 'where it would be disproportionate to reproduce the rule referred to and adapt it' (31).

In the case of this phrase, meaning 'things being changed that ought to be changed' (Business dictionary n.pag.), both Croatian and German are consistent in that Croatian retained the Latin phrase (primjenjivati se mutatis mutandis), and German opted for the native expressions.

There is a twofold rendering in German in the above mentioned regulations: in the first case it was translated as 'entsprechende Anwendung finden', and in the second one 'gilt entsprechend'. Both of these are also offered by IATE as eligible translations.

The IATE database also offers 'mutatis mutandis' as an option in all three languages; in Croatian it is even the only one. However, being the youngest of the 24 official EU languages with only circa three years of EU membership, it is not surprising that IATE has only the most obvious 'translation', especially since it seems, based on these 29 regulations, that it does not come up all that often.

#### 3.4.3. Restitutio in integrum

'Restitutio in integrum' makes a barely notable appearance in point 15 of the Annex to Regulation 32002R2246. It appears only in English and Croatian versions.

This phrase, meaning 're-establishments of rights' (n.pag.) according to IATE, has its counterparts in Croatian, 'povrat u prijašnje stanje' (Pravni Fakultet n.pag.), and in German, 'Wiedereinsetzung in den vorigen Stand' (IATE n.pag.).

Since this single instance is not sufficient to make an informed decision, further examples of EU legislation containing this phrase in English were checked. The general search yields only meagre 186 results, which basically confirms that this particular Latin phrase is not frequently used in EU legislation. It is also noteworthy that these are mostly judgments and judicial information, authored by different courts (General Court, Court of First Instance, Court of Justice etc.).

On the other hand, there are also a lot of results authored by the Commission. For the sake of correct analysis, but also due to the fact that most of the 29 regulations which are the basis of this

thesis are Commission regulations, these were checked as well in those cases where versions in all three languages were available. In three of them (31995R2868, 32002R2245, 32005R1042) 'restitutio in integrum' was present only in English. In Regulation 32009R0874 the phrase was present both in English and Croatian, but in Croatian there was 'povrat u prijašnje stanje' in the brackets. In Decision 32015D1074 it was vice versa – both Croatian and Latin were present, but this time Latin was in the brackets. Once again, there is not a single example of Latin in German.

With the expanded search, it is now possible to say quite certainly that this phrase behaves exactly like the other Latin phrases already analysed – English is the one with far most instances, Croatian oscillates, but seems to be making its way towards excluding Latin, and German is steadfast in its decision to shun Latin from its versions.

#### **3.4.4.** (Right) in rem

The phrase '(right) in rem' is another example of Latin phrases, found in the Annex to Regulation 32002R2246, in point 18(c) and (d). However, unlike 'restitutio in integrum', this one is found only in English.

Both Croatian and German naturalized it into 'stvarno pravo' and 'dingliches Recht', respectively. However, IATE offers only the German phrase; for Croatian there are no suggestions.

As already proven, the Croatian term base in IATE is still far from German or, especially, English. But the multilingual display on EUR-Lex is almost as good as a term base for checking solutions, and it confirmed the abovementioned Croatian translation in this case as well (32009L0138, 32012R0650, 32012R1215, 62014CA0605, 32015R0848).

#### 3.5. Frequency of French legal terms

Considering French used to be the leading language of diplomacy, is one of the four founding languages of the European Union along with German, Italian, and Dutch, and is one of the three working languages of the EU, there are surprisingly few French legal terms<sup>2</sup> in the regulations covered by this thesis.

The decline of the French language in the EU is visible from the fact that in 1997, the usage of English and French in drafting legislative acts was roughly the same, but in 2013 81% of 2.02

<sup>2</sup> Commonly used words of French origin excluded (e.g. "liaison" and "vis-à-vis" in English, "Niveau" in German).

million pages were drafted in English and only 4.5% in French, i.e. 18 times more pages were drafted in English (Ured za publikacije 7).

In fact, there are only two strictly legal phrases and one French title denotation which come up in the 29 regulations covered by the analysis.

#### 3.5.1. Avis juridique important

The phrase 'avis juridique important' comes up in 13 regulations in English and 12 in German (visible only in the multilingual display). These regulations are chronologically the first 13 regulations, dating from 1968 to 2003. The one regulation where the term does not appear in German, but does in English, is the very first one (31968R0260), which instead of French, has the German equivalent 'wichtiger rechtlicher Hinweis'. There is no such remark in Croatian versions, but according to the web-site of the European Union, the Croatian translation would be 'važna pravna obavijest' (Europska unija n.pag.).

The phrase itself means 'important legal notice', and according to the Legal dictionary, denotes 'information that a court deems that an individual should have known. . . . the court will presume that a person knows the information because [they] could have been informed if proper diligence had been exercised' (n.pag.). The explanation makes sense because the very point of EUR-Lex is to make EU law accessible to every EU citizen. A possible explanation as to why this phrase is no longer explicitly stated above a legislative act is the fact that EU citizens are now far more informed than they were before so that there is no need to point it out.

In order to get to the truth, an inquiry has been sent to the Helpdesk of the EU Publications Office. This, however, shed no light on the reason behind not including this remark in the regulations which were adopted later. According to their response, they have conducted a detailed search of the CELLAR<sup>3</sup> repository, but still could not tell why 'avis juridique important' is present only in some regulations or even if it was done on purpose or not (Materossi n.pag.). On the other hand, their educated guess is that there is no such remark in Croatian versions due to the later accession of the Republic of Croatia to the EU (Materossi n.pag.).

They also state that this particular phrase pointed to the previous version of the EUR-Lex and contained a hyperlink which is no longer in function (Materossi n.pag.). Now, the corresponding

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> 'The CELLAR is the central content and metadata repository of the Publications Office of the European Union' (Europa.eu n.pag.).

website is precisely the one from which the abovementioned Croatian translation ('važna pravna obavijest') was obtained.

#### 3.5.2. Force majeure

The phrase 'save/except in case of force majeure' (31989R0120 Article 4(1), Article 5(2)(b) and (c), 32010R0234 Article 9) is in fact an important legal 'provision that allows a party to suspend or terminate the performance of its obligations when certain circumstances beyond their control arise, making performance inadvisable, commercially impracticable, illegal, or impossible' (Contract Standards n.pag.). It is therefore understandable why any translator unsure whether or not his or her target audience would understand (or sure they would not) would choose the native term for the same phenomenon, especially if the native phrase is a direct translation with the same meaning as in German: 'außer im Fall höherer Gewalt' (31989R0120 Article 4(1), Article 5(2)(b) and (c), 32010R0234 Article 9).

In English the phrase 'save/except in case of force majeure' is used three times in the 1989 Regulation (Article 4(1), Article 5(2)(b) and (c)) and only once in the 2010 Regulation (Article 9). Unlike German, Croatian translators falter in their determination whether to use the foreign or the native phrase. In the first case, the Croatian version retained the wording, but in the translation of the 'younger' regulation Croatian translators opted for replacing French with plain Croatian 'osim u slučaju više sile' (32010R0234 Article 9).

When it comes to English and German, it seems the choice is pretty obvious – English keeps on using the French term, whereas German never has. In the case of Croatian, one should keep in mind the dropping influence of French and the probable lack of clarity of the original French phrase. Also, bearing in mind the Latin example and the dropping usage thereof, it would seem advisable to use Croatian after all.

#### 3.5.3. Rapporteur

'Rapporteur' originally means 'bring back' (Oxford Dictionaries n.pag.). According to the same dictionary, it is a 'person who is appointed by an organization to report on the proceedings of its meetings' (n.pag.).

It appears only in English versions of EU legislation, together with the term 'co-rapporteur', e.g. Article 1(3) of 32014R0658, and seems that it is here to stay. Native terms

'izvjestitelj/suizvjestitelj' and 'Berichterstatter/Mitberrichterstatter' are used in both Croatian and German, respectively.

#### 3.6. Hrengleski and Denglisch in EU legislation

In spite of the roles Latin and French used to have in the field of diplomacy, Chapters 3.3 and 3.4 of this thesis prove that their influence has dropped, at least as far as the EU legislation is concerned. On the other hand, the English era has undeniably come, as will be shown in this Chapter.

This Chapter deals with the so-called *hrengleski* (term coined by the Croatian linguist and author Nives Opačić) and *Denglisch* (Duden.de n.pag.) – terms used to denote the unnecessary adoption of English words by the speakers of Croatian and German, i.e. the mixture of the two languages. However, even though the term 'Denglisch' is in fact derogatory according to the Duden dictionary, which could be interpreted as the attitude of native speakers of German towards *Denglisch*, German uses more English words and phrases in the EU legislation than Croatian.

#### 3.6.1. General English terms in Croatian and German

In the 1992 Regulation (31992R3046) the word 'Code' appears 20 times in the German version, and it seems to be caught in between the two languages – it is capitalized and used in compounds (e.g. Codenummer), but it has kept the English spelling and the plural form 'Codes'. Of course, the same word is used in Croatian, but the spelling is naturalized: 'kôd'. On the other hand, German is at least consistent; in the mentioned Regulation there are different translations of "code" into Croatian: 'oznaka' (Article 10), 'šifra' (Article 17(3)), and 'kodni broj' for 'code number' (Article 16(2)).

The same inconsistency is present in Croatian in the other two regulations in which there is mention of the word 'code(s)' in English: in 32009R0388, Article 4(1), there is 'product code', 'Produktcode' and 'oznaka proizvoda', whereas in 320101R0904, Article 48(3), for the same word there is 'Codes' in German, and 'kodovi' in Croatian.

There are also some English words which are used in Croatian and German more commonly than the native words, even though such exist: 'leasing' (point 2(c) of the Annex I to Regulation 31992R3046), which is 'zakup' in Croatian and 'Mietkauf' in German, for example, or 'transfer(s)', which could be translated as 'prijenos' or 'Überweisung' in the financial sector.

A frequent English term which comes up in German, but does not in Croatian is 'Know-how'. Only in Regulation 32010R1217 there are 18 instances in German and only one in Croatian which appears in the brackets next to Croatian 'znanja i iskustva' in Article 1(1), titled 'Definitions'. An expanded search of EUR-Lex confirms that this is quite a frequently used term in German, even in those places where English uses another term, e.g. 'expertise' (32013R1296 Article 16(1)).

Other such examples are 'kretanje' and 'Trend' (32000R0264 (6) of recital), with possible German translations 'Tendenz' or 'Neigung', e.g. (dict.cc n.pag.), 'E-Learning' and 'učenje putem interneta' (32013R1286 (11) of recital, Article 10(3)), with possible paraphrase 'Lernen im Internet', etc.

#### 3.6.2. English in titles of documents and acts

German does not shy away from keeping English titles of certain documents and acts, as well. Cases in point are as follows:

- 1. a) document entitled 'Definition of minimum performance requirements for analytical methods of GMO testing' (32006R1981 Article 2(a))
  - b) 'Definiranje minimalnih zahtjeva učinkovitosti analitičkih metoda ispitivanja GMO-a'
  - c) 'Dokument mit dem Titel "Definition of minimum performance requirements for analytical methods of GMO testing" (Definition der Mindestanforderung für Analyseverfahren bei GVO-Tests)'
- 2. a) "Small Business Act' for Europe" (32010R0440 (7) of recital)
  - b) ',,Zakon o malom poduzetništvu" za Europu'
  - c) '"Small Business Act" für Europa'

In this case, IATE has no suggestions for Croatian, but there is a note 'preferred' next to the English title among German suggestions. English is found among French suggestions as well, only without the comment.

Further random check of legislative documents available in all three languages confirms that the English title of this particular Act always stays in English even in German versions. However, Croatian is not that consistent – in one Regulation (32014R0596) there is only the English title, in

one there is the combination of the two (52015IE0822), but the most numerous are those which use only Croatian (32013R1291, 32013L0034, 32011L0007, 32013R1287).

However, it is important to say that these two examples were the only ones found in the 29 regulations, the analysis of which is the basis of this thesis. In most cases everything is translated, as shown in the Appendix, table 6.1.

#### 3.6.3. Following English structure

The previous two subchapters show that German shows greater inclination towards allowing English words in its versions of EU legal acts than Croatian. This Chapter will, however, focus on another aspect of English influence, i.e. it will provide some examples from which it is visible that Croatian translators follow English sentence structures even in places where doing so defies logic.

A case in point is Article 5(7) of Regulation 32006R1981:

- 1. a) 'The CRL shall immediately notify the Authority that its report will be delayed, to enable the Authority to inform the applicant and take any further steps required under Articles 6(1) to (2) and 18(1) to (2) of Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003.'
  - b) 'RLZ odmah obavješćuje Agenciju da će dostava izvješća biti odgođena, kako bi se Agenciji omogućilo da obavijesti podnositelja zahtjeva i poduzme sve daljnje korake u skladu s člankom 6. stavcima 1. do 2. i člankom 18. stavcima 1. do 2. Uredbe (EZ) br. 1829/2003.'

As visible from the examples above, the Croatian translator chose to follow English original even though a native speaker would normally never say or write '1. do 2.' in this context. Such a wording is usually found in other regulations in those places where it is more economical to say 'X to Y', where 'X' and 'Y' are not two consecutive numbers, but when they are two numbers with at least one number between them. In the case cited above, any native speaker would choose the more logical option in this context, '1. i 2.', which was also chosen by the German translator:

c) 'Das GRL setzt die Behörde unverzüglich davon in Kenntnis, dass sich der betreffende Bericht verzögert, so dass die Behörde den Antragsteller entsprechend in Kenntnis setzen und die nötigen Maßnahmen gemäß Artikel 6 Absätze *1 und 2* sowie Artikel 18 Absätze *1 und 2* der Verordnung (EG) Nr. 1829/2003 ergreifen kann.'

Another such example is found in Regulation 32010R0904, Article 30(2) ('Council Regulation on administrative cooperation and combating fraud in the field of value added tax', a recast):

- 2. a) 'The competent authority of the Member State that receives the proposal for a simultaneous control shall *confirm its agreement* or communicate its reasoned refusal to its counterpart authority'
  - b) 'Nadležno tijelo države članice koje primi prijedlog za usporedni nadzor *odgovara* potvrdno da se slaže ili odbija uz obrazloženje odgovarajućem nadležnom tijelu'

In this case, the Croatian translator probably did not know what to do with 'confirm its agreement' since both 'confirm' and 'agreement' implicitly denote affirmation, so that they went overboard to express consent. In Croatian this affirmation is even more prominent than in English so that 'odgovoriti potvrdno da se slaže' is definitely redundant and has an unnatural ring to it. Just like in the previous case, the German translator did not fall into the trap and found a more elegant solution, similar to English:

c) 'Die zuständige Behörde des Mitgliedstaats, der eine gleichzeitige Prüfung vorgeschlagen wurde, *bestätigt* der zuständigen Behörde des anderen Mitgliedstaats . . . *ihr Einverständnis* oder teilt ihre begründete Ablehnung mit'

On the other hand, probably some other translator chose a much better solution in Article 13(3) of Regulation 32012R0389 ('Council Regulation on administrative cooperation in the field of excise duties') for a sentence containing almost the exact same phrase:

- 3. a) 'The competent authorities which receive a proposal referred to in paragraph 2 shall *confirm their agreement* to participate in the simultaneous control or shall communicate their reasoned refusal to the proposing competent authority'
  - b) 'Nadležna tijela koja zaprime takav prijedlog iz stavka 2. *potvrđuju svoju suglasnost* za sudjelovanje u usporednom nadzoru ili dostavljaju svoju opravdanu uskratu nadležnom tijelu'

In this case, even the German translator probably felt the (implicit) redundancy and chose a bit different, more neutral way to express the phrase in question:

3. c) Die zuständigen Behörden, die einen in Absatz 2 genannten Vorschlag erhalten, *teilen* der zuständigen Behörde, die den Vorschlag unterbreitet hat, . . . *ihre Zustimmung* zur Teilnahme an der gleichzeitigen Prüfung oder ihre begründete Ablehnung *mit*.

#### 3.7. EU currency and denoting large numbers

According to the analysis, the three languages differ in how they denote even the EU currency, i.e. its abbreviations. The general rules according to the Interinstitutional style guide are:

- 1. in general references to monetary units without an amount, the unit is spelt out;
- 2. the ISO code is used when the monetary unit is accompanied by an amount (compulsory in all legal texts);
- 3. the euro sign (€) is usually reserved for graphics, popular works and promotional publications;
- 4. in English, use a full stop to denote decimals; in Croatian and German use a comma (n.pag.).

When, for example, writing the ISO codes, one should bear in mind the difference between English on one side and Croatian and German on the other. As shown in 32014R0658, Article 13, Croatian and German place the abbreviation after the amount in numerals, e.g. '100 EUR'. English, on the other hand, places it before the figure: 'EUR 100'. Also, as visible from the example, there is always a space between the amount and the ISO code. This rule is applicable to all ISO codes of monetary units and is compulsory in all legal texts (Interinstitutional style guide n.pag.).

When it comes to large numbers, e.g. billions, the same applies: 'EUR 10 billion' in English, '10 Mrd. EUR' in German, '10 mlrd. EUR' in Croatian (Interinstitutional style guide n.pag.). However, in Regulation 32014R1163, Article 10(6)(b), there is a discrepancy between the Croatian version and what is prescribed by the Publications Office. Instead of '10 mlrd./milijardi EUR', the phrase '10 milijardi eura' is used (32014R1163, Article 10(6)(b)).

With the aim of establishing whether the abovementioned glitch in Croatian was an exception or a rule, further three documents were checked. Due to the high number of examples and consistency throughout all three languages, no more than the extra three documents were needed.

Resolution of the European Parliament (52014BP0905(03)), Commission Decision (32015D0657), and Definitive adoption of the European Union's general budget for 2015 (32015B0339) comply with the rules set by the Publications Office for all three languages (Interinstitutional style guide n.pag.).

There is also the matter of making reference to the former EU currency, European Currency Unit. In the 1989 Regulation, its abbreviation appears in three different forms: 'expressed in ecus',

'ausgedrückt in Ecu', and 'iskazan u ECU' (31989R0120). German transformed the abbreviation into what is seemingly a proper name, and Croatian used the standard spelling for ISO code (EUR, HRK, GBP, USD, etc.). The odd one in this instance is in fact English, which, in cases like this, normally keeps the capitalization and adds a small 's' to denote plural, e.g. national competent authorities, NCAs (32014R1163).

Due to the unconventionality of 'ecus', an additional search of the EUR-Lex was conducted. It was, in fact, used in the way described in the text above, but since 'the euro replaced the ecu at a rate of one to one' on January 1, 1999, ecu is used for historical references only (Interinstitutional style guide n.pag.).

#### 3.8. General structure and differences in orthography

When it comes to dealing with legal texts and translating them, not only should the translator be mindful of the hopefully already very well-known orthographic rules of the languages in question, but they should also bear in mind that *legalese* has additional rules. These special commandments might, but do not necessarily, correspond to the generally established rules of orthography of a language. In the case of EU legislation, a translator must tread even more lightly due to the fact that EU law does not always equal national law in terms of orthography, as will be shown.

Some of the general rules which apply are:

- 1. for English, follow the standard usage of spelling present in Britain and Ireland;
- 2. when referring to the name of organisations, institutions, directorates, committees, delegations, etc. or using names of international agreements, conferences, conventions etc. in full, use initial capitals on all nouns and adjectives;
- 3. acronyms with five or less letters are uppercased with no full stop (e.g. EFTA); from six letters onwards, they are written with the initial capital and also without full stops (e.g. Benelux);
- 4. when referring to EU legislation, use initial capitals when referring to a specific legislative act and lower case when making a general reference;
- 5. use a semicolon when combining two sentences without a conjunction and when denoting items in a long and complex series;

- 6. the '\s' sign should be avoided, due to different meanings (it denotes 'section' in English, but is equal to 'paragraph' in other languages (e.g. German, where it is broadly used in the national law);
- 7. referring to the EU as 'the Union' is acceptable in the Treaties and EU legislation, however, it should be avoided in other texts;
- 8. there are 28 EU Member States, some of which comprise more than one country (e.g. soon-to-be ex Member State, the United Kingdom) and should therefore be referred to as such (Interinstitutional style guide n.pag.).

One of the first things that a reader sees when reading EU legal acts and compares them interlingually is the overall structure. Considering the fact that there are 28 EU Member States and 24 official languages, one's mind boggles at the sheer quantity of work to be done even if consistency of terminology and the legal power of each version is put aside. The uniformity of structure and the possibility to rely on some consistent characteristics throughout EU legislation makes the job of a translator a lot easier. The general structure of an EU act is: title, preamble, enacting terms and, in some cases, annexes (Joint Practical Guide 16).

#### 3.8.1. Title

The full title of a legislative act 'comprises all the information in the heading of the act which serves to identify it' (Joint Practical Guide 16). It states the type of act, the adopting institution(s), the abbreviation or acronym of the field it concerns (always translated, see Chapter 3.2. of this thesis), the reference number (line 1, consisting of an abbreviation of the adopting institution, consecutive number and year), the date of adoption (line 2) and a concise title (line 3) (Joint Practical Guide 16). Of course, the title can be longer than a single line and form a paragraph in the linguistic sense of the word. If there is a remark (codification, authenticity of a language, significance for the EEA, e.g.) it is found 'between the title proper and the preamble' (Joint Practical Guide 16). In this section there are no orthographic differences among English, Croatian and German.

#### 3.8.2. Preamble

According to the *Joint Practical* Guide, the preamble is 'everything between the title and the enacting terms of the act, namely the citations, the recitals and the solemn forms which precede

and follow them' (16).

The first line of the preamble, giving the author of the act once again, is capitalized and forms a sentence together with 'HAS ADOPTED THIS [REGULATION]:' ('DONIO/DONIJELA/-O JE OVU [UREDBU]:'; 'HAT FOLGENDE [VERORDNUNG] ERLASSEN:') which comes after the citations. Of course, if there are more authors, the verb is adjusted accordingly. In this part there is an orthographic difference – English and Croatian encase the citations and the recitals with a comma, whereas German uses a dash.

The citations, the basis of legal acts, are not numbered, are highly standardized and begin with 'Having regard to' ('uzimajući u obzir'; 'gestützt auf') (Joint Practical Guide 18, Gemeinsamer Leitfaden 19). As visible in the previous sentence, only English capitalizes its citation lines, but they end in a comma in all three languages. This section also contains a note on the type of legislative procedure and references to consultations (for translations of standardized sentences see Appendix, table 6.2.).

After the citations there are recitals which are always numbered<sup>4</sup> and begin with 'whereas:' ('budući da:'; 'in Erwägung nachstehender Gründe:'). English, Croatian and German use numbers in brackets (1), (2), etc. to number recitals. In all three languages each recital ends in a full stop, except for the last one which ends in a comma in English and Croatian and with a dash in German, as mentioned above (Joint Practical Guide 24, Gemeinsamer Leitfaden 26).

The majority of differences in sentence number between English and Croatian on one side, and German on the other side is located in the preamble, or, to be more exact, in the citations. A more detailed analysis of this occurrence is to be found in Chapter 3.7.1. of this thesis.

### 3.8.3. Enacting terms

The enacting terms, which come after the preamble, are 'the legislative part of the act. They are composed of articles, which may be grouped into parts, titles, chapters and sections' (Joint Practical Guide 16). This part is the longest in most cases so it does not come as a surprise that the most orthographic differences are located in this section.

Unlike numbering recitals in the preamble, there are differences in numbering articles. Of course, each article is written with a capital 'A' in English and German, and with a capital 'Č' in Croatian.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Since February 7, 2000 (Vodič za prevođenje na hrvatski jezik 45).

Due to language differences, both English and German use seemingly cardinal numbers, e.g. Article 1; Artikel 1, respectively, whereas Croatian uses ordinal numbers: Članak 1., Članak 2., etc., which is the usually standard practice.

When it comes to the next level, i.e. paragraphs, things get a little more complicated. In English there is a distinction between numbered and unnumbered paragraphs and the way they are referred to in a sentence.

Firstly, it should be mentioned that paragraphs in English (and in Croatian, for that matter) are numbered by a numeral and a full stop (1., 2., etc.). Therefore, in a sentence they are referred to by their number, as well. On the other hand, unnumbered paragraphs have no numerals marking them, hence there is no numeral in a sentence either (Joint Practical Guide 29); instead they are referred to by ordinal numbers spelt out: 'the first paragraph of Article 166'; 'članka 166. prvog stavka' (32009R0388 Article 3(2)). The Croatian way of denoting both numbered and unnumbered paragraphs in this way is confirmed by *Vodič za prevođenje na hrvatski jezik* (44).

However, German has its own rules. It uses the same principle for numbering paragraphs as for numbering recitals, i.e. (1), (2), etc. (Gemeinsamer Leitfaden 32). It uses the same principle when reference to an unnumbered article is needed, and not ordinal numbers spelt out like English and Croatian (Gemeinsamer Leitfaden 32).

There is one other place where Croatian places a full stop, and English and German do not. It happens in those cases where there is a letter next to a numeral in the name of an article or a paragraph: 'član[ak] 28.e'; 'Article 28e'; 'Artikel 28e' (31992R3046 Article 12(2)), 'član[ak] 23. stav[ak] 1.a'; 'Article 23(1a)'; 'Artikel 23 Absatz 1a' (31996R0031 Article 1).

Further complications arise when such a reference appears in, for example, a title of a chapter which is written in block letters. In this case, the letter remains small in German (1.c) in spite of the block letters, but becomes capitalized itself in both English (1.a) and Croatian (1.b) (32003R1798 Chapter VI):

- 1. a) 'PROVISIONS CONCERNING THE SPECIAL SCHEME IN ARTICLE 26C OF DIRECTIVE 77/388/EEC'
  - b) 'ODREDBE U VEZI S POSEBNIM PROGRAMOM U ČLANKU 26.C DIREKTIVE 77/388/EZ'
  - c) 'BESTIMMUNGEN BETREFFEND DIE SONDERREGELUNG NACH ARTIKEL 26c DER RICHTLINIE 77/388/EWG'

Another example of similarities between English and Croatian, but differences between these two and German is denoting points of an act when referring to them in a sentence. Both English and Croatian use brackets to divide the letter in question from the rest of the sentence, e.g. 'in Article 17(2)(c) and (d)'; 'iz članka 17. stavka 2. točaka (c) i (d)' (32008R0340 Article 4(3)(2)). However, when it comes to German, it is different from the other two languages, but it has also faced changes from within.

The analysis of the 29 regulations yielded an example of interlingual change – namely, the fact that, up to 2006, German used a letter and the right bracket for points, e.g. 'in Absatz 1 Buchstabe a)' (31995R1517 Article 6(2)). This changes from Regulation 32006R1981 onwards; only the letter is consistently used in cases where such a reference is present: 'nach Artikel 17 Absatz 2 Buchstaben c und d' (32008R0340 Article 4(3)(2)).

At the same time, there is one point in which English and German have the same rule, and Croatian differs due to its own orthography. Namely, there are some levels of acts which are marked by Roman numerals (parts, titles, chapters), which are not followed by a full stop in English and German: 'Table 2 of Annex I', 'Anhang I Tabelle 2', 'tablic[a] 2. Priloga I.' (32008R0340 Article 3(4)). As already mentioned, the reason behind is the fact that in Croatian there is always a full stop behind an ordinal number to differentiate it from a cardinal (Priručnik za pravilno pisanje 51).

Even though it is not an orthographic difference, the way each language refers to an Annex should also be mentioned. As visible in, for example, Article 8(1) of Regulation 32009R0684, English uses the preposition 'to', Croatian uses Dative and German Genitive: 'Annex I to this Regulation'; 'Prilog I. ovoj Uredbi'; 'Anhang I dieser Verordnung'.

On the other hand, there are some characteristics of EU, or rather English punctuation in EU legislative acts, which trumped Croatian punctuation, or at least the common practice used in Croatian laws. For example, in Croatian laws there are usually the French quotation marks (» «) when defining a legal term: '»tuzemstvo« je područje Republike Hrvatske' (Zakon o porezu na dodanu vrijednost Article 3(1)). However, this practice is lost in Croatian translations of EU acts where both Croatian and German use their usual lower and upper double quotation marks: 'dalje u tekstu: "Agencija"'; 'im Folgenden "die Agentur"' (32010R0440 (1) of recital). British English prefers single quotation marks, "hereinafter 'the Agency'", but what is problematic for a translator is that none of the above mentioned is consistent throughout these 29 regulations.

To be specific, Croatian follows English, regardless of its own established rules of orthography or common legal practice, so that it omits quotation marks of any kind in those cases when English uses none as well: 'dalje u tekstu Osnovna uredba'; 'hereinafter referred to as the Basic Regulation' (31992R3046 Article 1). As far as German is considered, its translators seem to have embarked on a journey of their own when taking the abovementioned frequently used phrase in EU legal jargon; German version is autonomous and has its own solution in most cases. A case in point is Regulation 32010R0440 where in the first Article English uses "hereinafter called the 'Agency'", divided from the rest of the sentence by commas, but German uses brackets with a simple note: '"die Agentur"'.

## 3.9. Differences in singular and plural

As already mentioned in Chapter 3.1.7. of this thesis, Croatian and German have no neutral linguistic tools which would correspond to the English 'shall'. Translators should therefore be aware of the differences when choosing singular or plural when, for example, paragraphs of a certain article are the subject, and 'shall' is a part of the verb phrase in English.

A case in point is Regulation 32009R0684, Article 5(2):

- 1. a) 'Article 21(4) and (5) of Directive 2008/118/EC *shall* apply in respect of the updated electronic administrative document'
  - b) 'članak 21. *stavci 4. i 5*. Direktive 2008/118/EZ *primjenjuju* se na ažurirani elektronički trošarinski dokument'
  - c) 'so *ist* auf das aktualisierte elektronische Verwaltungsdokument *Artikel 21* Absätze 4 und 5 der Richtlinie 2008/118/EG anzuwenden'

From the example cited above, it is visible that Croatian chooses plural based on the number of paragraphs, and German chooses singular based on the number of articles. Another such example is found in Regulation 32008R0340, Article 13(4):

- 2. a) Paragraphs 2, 3 and 5 of Article 11 *shall* apply mutatis mutandis.
  - b) Stavci 2., 3. i 5. članka 11. primjenjuju se mutatis mutandis.
  - c) Artikel 11 Absätze 2, 3 und 5 gilt entsprechend.

### 3.10. Differences in sentence number

Any translator, even one who does not usually translate legal documents, knows the importance of discipline in this area and how crucial it is to keep the original organisation of the source text.

One of the aspects which are very important with regards to the organisation is the sentence number. Surprisingly enough, there are quite a lot of examples of different sentence numbers in the core 29 regulations, and in all the cases the number of Croatian sentences equals the number of English sentences – German is the one which exhibits independence on the level of sentence division.

There are numerous instances where German simply ends a sentence in places where English and Croatian use a semi-colon. Most of them are found in the recitals segment of a regulation, but there are some in the articles themselves. During the analysis of English, Croatian and German, it is logical to think that the German version may stick to the French version, but even though that is sometimes true, it is not always the case.

A case in point is Regulation 32014R1163, chronologically the very last regulation analysed in this thesis. In the preamble of the Regulation, German (3) separates what is a single sentence in English (1), Croatian (2) and French (4) into two sentences:

- However, the costs of producing such sub-consolidated data may be high and, for this reason, supervised entities should be able to opt for a fee calculated on the basis of data provided at the highest level of consolidation within the participating Member States including subsidiaries established in non-participating Member States, even if this might result in a higher fee.
- 2. Međutim, troškovi dobivanja takvih potkonsolidiranih podataka mogu biti visoki, te bi se iz tog razloga nadzirani subjekti trebali moći odlučiti za naknadu izračunatu na temelju podataka dostavljenih na najvišoj razini konsolidacije unutar država članica sudionica, uključujući društva kćeri sa sjedištem u državama članicama nesudionicama, iako bi to moglo dovesti do veće naknade.
- 3. Die Zusammenstellung solcher teilkonsolidierten Daten kann jedoch kostspielig sein. Beaufsichtigten Unternehmen sollte es daher möglich sein, sich für eine Gebühr zu entscheiden, die auf der Grundlage von Daten auf der obersten Konsolidierungsebene innerhalb eines teilnehmenden Mitgliedstaats und einschließlich der Tochterunternehmen in nicht teilnehmenden Mitgliedstaaten berechnet wird, auch wenn dies zu einer höheren Gebühr führen könnte.
- 4. Toutefois, les coûts de production de ces données sous-consolidées peuvent être élevés, et pour cette raison, il convient que les entités soumises à la surveillance

prudentielle soient en mesure d'opter pour une redevance calculée sur la base des données fournies au niveau de consolidation le plus élevé au sein des États membres participants, y compris les filiales établies dans des États membres non participants, même si cela peut résulter en une redevance plus élevée.

On the other hand, in the very same Regulation, in Article 2 to be precise, an example can be found where English (1) and Croatian (2) have one sentence, and German (3) and French (4) have the same amount of information split into two sentences:

- 1. 'For the purposes of this Regulation, the definitions contained in Regulation (EU) No 1024/2013 and Regulation (EU) No 468/2014 (ECB/2014/17) shall apply, unless otherwise provided for, together with the following definitions:'
- 2. 'Osim ako nije drukčije propisano, definicije sadržane u Uredbi (EU) br. 1024/2013 i Uredbi (EU) br. 468/2014 (ESB/2014/17) primjenjuju se za potrebe ove Uredbe zajedno sa sljedećim definicijama:'
- 'Für die Zwecke dieser Verordnung gelten, sofern nichts anderes bestimmt ist, die Begriffsbestimmungen der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 1024/2013 und der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 468/2014 (EZB/2014/17). Im Sinne dieser Verordnung bezeichnet der Ausdruck:'
- 4. 'Aux fins du présent règlement, les définitions énoncées dans le règlement (UE) no 1024/2013 et le règlement (UE) no 468/2014 (BCE/2014/17) s'appliquent, sauf disposition contraire, conjointement avec les définitions suivantes. On entend par:'

There are 36 examples of differences in sentence numbers in the preamble of the 29 regulations and these 36, and their frequency is much greater among the regulations adopted earlier – from 1989 to 1998 33 out of 36 differences appear (31989R0120, 31992R3046, 31992R3649, 31993R3199, 31995R1517, 31996R0031, 31998R0148, 31998R0152). The remaining 3 appear in the three regulations adopted in 2005, 2006 and 2014 (32005R0116, 32006R1981, 32014R1163).

There are, however, very few instances where there are discrepancies in sentence number between English and Croatian on one side and German on the other side in the enacting terms of the regulations. To be exact, German uses two sentences in place of one four times (regulations 31989R0120, 31992R3649, and 32014R1163) and there are only two examples of German fusing two sentences into one where English and Croatian use two sentences and they both appear in Regulation 32010R0234.

Be that as it may, it is important to note that this is neither common nor beneficial for organisation and ease of reference. Since every version of EU legislation written in any of the 24 official languages is legally binding and produces the same legal effect as the next one, it is important to keep them as similar as possible; keep them clean from any unnecessary changes, deductions or additions in order to avoid differences in meaning. Howver, keeping the number of deviations in mind, it is safe to say that the abovementioned instances of different sentence numbers are anomalies, if not even mistakes.

## 3.11. Differences between regulation authors

There are four different EU institutions behind these 29 regulations, but there are only slight differences to be found, differences which would probably go unnoticed if one does not look for them and pay close attention. Croatian exhibits the smallest number of changes, most likely due to the later accession of Croatia to the EU, the second most affected is English and the one with the most deviations is German.

As far as the overall structure, style or terminology go, there are no differences. The few differences that are there are restricted to the phrases found at the end of every regulation.

In English the only difference present is that up to 2003 and Regulation 32003R1798, the surname of the person acting on behalf of an EU institution is written normally – first letter capitalized, the rest in small letters – and since 2005 and Regulation 32005R0116 the whole surname are written in block letters. The exact same change happened in German, but Croatian points out the surnames in this way from the very beginning. The reason behind this is most likely the later accession of Croatia to the EU, after these changes had already been adopted.

Another difference, more important for translators and especially for the ones translating into German, is the wording of the phrase denoting the place of adoption. Since there are 21 regulations in this thesis written by the EU Commission, at first glance it seems that other regulations diverge from the standard, but it is quite the opposite – Commission's regulations are the only ones that really stand out.

What is throughout the 29 regulations consistently phrased as 'Done at (city), 5 (date<sup>6</sup>)' in English

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Please note the comma between the city and the date in English.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> In all the three languages dates are specified in the form 1 January 2000; 1 siječnja 2000.; 1 Januar 2000, respectively (the date was chosen simply as an example).

and 'Sastavljeno u (city)<sup>7</sup> (date)' in Croatian, is phrased differently in German, depending on the author. When the author is the EU Commission, the wording is simply '(city), den (date)', but it transforms into 'Geschehen zu (city)<sup>8</sup> am (date)' when the author is any other but the Commission.

One other difference is found in the phrase denoting the person acting on behalf of the particular institution. When the institution at hand is either the Commission or the European Central Bank, the phrase used is 'Für die Kommission/den EZB-Rat', but when the authors are the Council or the Parliament, that phrase turns into 'Im Namen des Rates/Europäischen Parlaments' (32003R2246, 32014R1163, 32012R0389, 32013R1286).

Also worthy of mentioning is one thing that stands out even though it is exactly the same in all languages and not directly connected with the job of a translator, but more with that of a drafter. Namely, when the person acting in the name of an institution is the president of the institution in question, then the title (The President; Der/Die PräsidentIn; Predsjednik/Predsjednica) is mentioned above the name of the Person (1). On the other hand, when the person in question is anyone but the president, even if it is the vice-president, the name precedes the title (2).

'The President
 José Manuel BARROSO' (31989R0120)

2. 'Henning CHRISTOPHERSEN Vice-President' (31992R3046)

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Please note that there is no comma between the city and the date in Croatian.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Please note that there is no comma between the city and the date in German.

### 4. Conclusion

Generally speaking, based on the analysis it would seem that the most obvious characteristic is that Croatian translators follow English whenever possible, sometimes even at the risk of sounding unnatural, and German translators are far more at home. However, as already mentioned in the introduction, Germany is one of the founding countries of the European Union, and Croatia is the newest member of the EU family – it is not unusual to find such a situation.

On this note, it also does not come as a surprise that the IATE term base for German is far more developed than Croatian. It is a work in progress, and patience is required. However, according to the official statistics published by the Directorate General for Translation on 7 March 2016, with regards to their translation memory, a significant step forward is visible for the Croatian translation memory. It contained 0 'translation units' in 2013, but there were 276,502 updates in 2014, 197,626 in 2015 and 947,222 in 2016, totalling at 1,421,350 updates or 22,711,988 words in the short time span of the Croatian EU membership (Schlüter 1).

For those who need official translation solutions right away, there is always the option of searching EUR-Lex itself and finding the correct terminological equivalent. 'Terminological consistency is a golden rule of legal translation and is absolutely essential to ensure legal reliability. Therefore, all translators are required to use the same Croatian term when translating a particular concept wherever it appears within the context of Community law.' (Ministarstvo za europske integracije 12) In this way, it will also become visible that Croatian terminology is not as undernourished as IATE would make it seem, even if some of the terms are not yet quite standardized.

The analysis has also shown that Croatian and German, in particular, show the tendency to introduce English, and at the same time they use little or no Latin and French, languages which used to be dominant in the field of diplomacy not that long ago. English may be the most commonly used *lingua franca* now, but there is no guarantee its status cannot change. This, however, seems highly unlikely to happen, even in the face of the recent developments in the relationship between the EU and the UK and the consequences Brexit will most definitely produce. Regardless of the role English has today, probably every linguist would discourage the over-usage of English in other languages. This is also impractical for the EUR-Lex itself, since its goal is to bring EU legislation closer to its citizens.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Mostly traditional sentences, but also titles and section headings, or sentence parts separated by colons or semicolons (Steinberger, et al. 7).

On the other hand, practicality is strengthened by some other aspects like consistent general structure and frequent legal terms found in almost every regulation. These do not only make the job of a translator easier, but they also enable easier orientation, especially when comparing versions in two or more languages. As previously shown, differences among authors and in sentence numbers are minor and certainly not frequently encountered or encouraged.

Foreign language acquisition is known to be a never-ending process, and this is especially true for translators. One important aspect of translating for the EU not to be found otherwise is the inability to use previously existant legal knowledge since EU *legalese* is consciously designed in such a way that it cannot be confused with national legal terms, i.e. it is artificial. '[C]onscious efforts have been made to avoid the use of existing legal terms of the national legal systems, especially technical terms. The main criteria for the creation of EU legal terms are transparency and translatability.' (Ministarstvo za europske integracije 12) Thus there is the additional challenge of translating for the EU: producing thorough and accurate documents which sound natural in the target language despite the artificiality of the EU *legalese* (Pismeno i usmeno prevođenje 5).

Translating for the EU is also specific due to the fact that there are not only the aspects of conveying the originally intended message by means of the target language and using EU accepted terminology and structure in the process, but there is also the legal binding power of each text. Since 'the legal value of all authentic texts will be the same, the quality of these "translations" must be unchallengeable' (Studies on translation and multilingualism 5), or, in other words, translators working for the EU are entitled to make even fewer mistakes than non-EU translators.

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# 6. Appendix

# 6.1. Table of useful terms

This table contains tax-related and generally useful terms found in the 29 regulations analysed in this thesis. They are sorted alphabetically in the ascending order by the first, English, column.

| ENGLISH                           | CROATIAN                         | GERMAN                       |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| (air)port of (un)loading          | (zračna) luka utovara/istovara   | Ein-/Entlade(flug)hafen      |
| (robust) study summaries          | (grubi) sažetak studija          | einfache/qualifizierte       |
| -                                 | -                                | Studienzusammenfassung       |
| ability to pay/solvency           | platežna sposobnost              | Zahlungsfähigkeit            |
|                                   | /solventnost                     |                              |
| acceding countries, candidate     | države pristupnice, države       | Beitrittsländer,             |
| countries and potential           | kandidatkinje i potencijalne     | Beitrittskandidaten und      |
| candidate countries               | države kandidatkinje             | potenzielle                  |
| . 1 . 1                           |                                  | Beitrittskandidaten          |
| actual social contributions       | stvarni socijalni doprinosi      | tatsächliche Sozialbeiträge  |
| additional fee                    | dodatna naknada                  | Zusatzgebühr                 |
| administrative accompanying       | prateći administrativni          | Begleitdokument              |
| document                          | document                         | Variation against 1          |
| administrative burden             | upravno opterećenje              | Verwaltungsaufwand           |
| administrative charge             | upravna pristojba                | Verwaltungsentgelt           |
| administrative enquiry            | upravna istražna radnja          | behördliche Ermittlungen     |
| administrative practices          | upravna praksa                   | Verwaltungspraxis            |
| advisory body of interested       | savjetodavno tijelo              | beratendes Gremium der       |
| parties                           | zainteresiranih strana           | interessierten Kreise        |
| aggressive tax planning           | agresivno porezno planiranje     | aggressive Steuerplanung     |
| air traffic management and        | upravljanje zračnim              | Flugverkehrsmanagement       |
| air navigation services           | prometom i usluge zračnog        | undFlugsicherungsdienste     |
| (ATM/ANS)                         | prometa (ATM/ANS)                | (ATM/ANS)                    |
| allowance on the birth of a child | naknada za rođenje djeteta       | Geburtenzulage               |
| amount of tax payable             | iznos plativog poreza            | Betrag der fälligen Steuer   |
| amount of the abatements          | iznos smanjenja                  | Freibeträge                  |
| ancillary costs                   | sporedni troškovi                | Nebenkosten                  |
| annual activity report            | godišnje izvješće o aktivnostima | jährlicher Tätigkeitsbericht |
| appeal fee                        | pristojba za žalbu               | Beschwerdegebühr             |
| appellant                         | podnositelj žalbe                | Widerspruchführer/           |
| -FF                               | F - mooney 2000                  | Beschwerdeführer             |
| assimilation threshold            | prag prilagodbe                  | Assimilationsschwelle        |
| assistance arrangements           | dogovori o pomoći/               | Amtshilfevereinbarungen      |
| <i>G</i>                          | sporazumi o suradnji             |                              |
| balance sheet                     | bilanca stanja                   | Bilanzdaten                  |
| bank account denominated in       | bankovni račun denominiran       | auf Euro lautende Bankkonto  |
| euro                              | u eurima                         |                              |

| bank guarantee               | bankovno jamstvo               | Bankbürgschaft                                     |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| barter trade                 | neposredna razmjena roba       | Kompensationsgeschäfte                             |
| base fee                     | osnovna naknada                | Grundgebühr  |
| basic taxable amount         | osnovni oporezivi iznos        | Besteuerungsgrundlage                              |
| be established               | imati poslovni nastan          | den Sitz haben/ansässig/                           |
|                              | _                              | niedergelassen sein                                |
| beneficiary country          | zemlja korisnica               | begünstigtes Land                                  |
| benefit of the exemption     | pogodnost izuzeća              | Rechtsvorteil der Freistellung                     |
| branch office                | Podružnica                     | Zweigniederlassung                                 |
| budget year                  | proračunska godina             | Haushaltsjahr                                      |
| budgetary appropriations     | proračunska sredstva           | Haushaltsmittel                                    |
| budgetary ceilings           | proračunske gornje granice     | Haushaltsobergrenzen                               |
| budgetary situation          | stanje proračuna               | Haushaltslage                                      |
| capital taxes                | porezi na kapital              | vermögenswirksame Steuern                          |
| carrousel fraud              | kružna prijevara               | Karussellbetrug                                    |
| central liaison office       | središnji ured za vezu         | zentrales Verbindungsbüro                          |
| certificate of receipt       | potvrda o primitku             | Empfangsbestätigung                                |
| cessation of activity (of a  | prestanak djelovanja           | Unternehmensauflösung                              |
| firm)                        | (poduzeća)                     |  |
| chargeable unit              | naplativa jedinica             | gebührenpflichtige Einheit                         |
| collection office            | odjel za prikupljanje podataka | Erhebungsstelle                                    |
| commercial description of    | trgovački opis robe            | handelsübliche Bezeichnung                         |
| goods                        |                                | der Waren  |
| commercial, industrial or    | komercijalna, industrijska ili | Geschäfts-, Industrie- oder                        |
| professional secret          | poslovna tajna                 | Berufsgeheimnis                                    |
| Commission Implementing      | Provedbena uredba Komisije     | Durchführungsverordnung                            |
| Regulation                   |                                | der Kommission                                     |
| commodity code               | tarifna oznaka                 | Warencode  |
| common organisation of       | zajednička organizacija        | gemeinsame Organisation der                        |
| agricultural markets (CMO)   | poljoprivrednih tržišta (ZOT)  | Agrarmärkte (GMO)                                  |
| compensation for exceptional | naknada za izvanredne usluge   | Ausgleichszahlung für                              |
| services                     |                                | außergewöhnliche                                   |
| a a managati an fan ayantina | nalmada sa multarumamani nad   | Dienstleistungen                                   |
| compensation for overtime    | naknada za prekovremeni rad    | Ausgleichszahlung zür<br>Vergütung von Überstunden |
| compensation for patented    | naknada za patentirane izume   | Ausgleichszahlung für                              |
| inventions                   | r                              | patentierte Erfindungen                            |
| compensation for work of a   | naknada za posebno težak rad   | Ausgleichszahlung für                              |
| particularly arduous nature  | 1                              | beschwerliche Arbeiten                             |
| competent authorities of the | nadležno tijelo države članice | zuständige Gaststaatbehörde                        |
| host Member State            | domaćina                       |  |
| competent authority          | nadležno tijelo                | zuständige Stelle                                  |
| competent national           | nadležni nacionalni odjel      | zuständige nationale Stelle                        |
| department                   |                                |  |
| competent tax authority      | nadležno porezno tijelo        | zuständige Steuerbehörde                           |
| compliance costs             | troškovi ispunjavanja obveza   | Befolgungskosten                                   |
| concerted practices          | usklađena djelovanja           | abgestimmte  |
|                              |                                | Verhaltensweisen                                   |
| consignee                    | adresat                        | Empfänger  |

| consignor                   | pošiljatelj                   | Versender                     |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| corrective amounts          | korektivni iznosi             | Berichtigungsbeträge          |
| corrective factor           | korektivni faktor             | Berichtigungskoeffizient      |
| corrective payment          | korektivna isplata            | Nachzahlung                   |
| cost breakdown              | raščlamba troškova            | Kostenaufschlüsselung         |
| cost efficiency             | rentabilnost                  | Kosteneffizienz               |
| country of                  | zemlja otpreme/izvoza         | Versendungsland               |
| consignment/dispatch        | January                       | 8                             |
| country/region of origin    | zemlja/regija podrijetla      | Ursprungsland/-region         |
| current taxes on income and | tekući porezi na dohodak i    | Einkommen- und                |
| wealth                      | bogatstvo                     | Vermögenssteuern              |
| customs debt                | carinski dug                  | Zollschuld                    |
| customs regulations         | carinski propisi              | Zollvorschriften              |
| customs territory           | carinsko područje             | Zollgebiet                    |
| data protection             | zaštita podataka              | Datenschutz                   |
| declarant                   | deklarant                     | Anmelder                      |
| declaring third party       | treća osoba koja podnosi      | Drittanmelder                 |
| arrang man pang             | carinsku deklaraciju          |                               |
| deemed date of payment      | datum koji se smatra          | Maßgebender Zahlungstag       |
|                             | datumom plaćanja              |                               |
| deferment fee               | pristojba za odgodu objave    | Aufschiebungsgebühr           |
| delegated act               | delegirani akt                | delegierter Rechtsakt         |
| delivery notes              | dostavnice                    | Lieferscheine                 |
| delivery terms              | pariteti isporuke             | Lieferbedingungen             |
| dependent child's allowance | naknada za uzdržavano dijete  | Zulage für                    |
|                             |                               | unterhaltsberechtigte Kinder  |
| dissuasive penalties        | odvraćajuće sankcije          | abschreckende Sanktionen      |
| distortions of capital      | narušavanje kretanja kapitala | Verzerrungen des              |
| movements                   | 3 3 1                         | Kapitalverkehrs               |
| double taxation             | dvostruko oporezivanje        | Doppelbesteuerung             |
| duties                      | carine                        | Gebühren                      |
| early warning system/early  | sustav ranog upozoravanja/    | Frühwarnsystem/               |
| warning mechanism           | mehanizam ranog               | Frühwarnmechanismus           |
|                             | upozoravanja                  |                               |
| education allowance         | naknada za obrazovanje        | Erziehungszulage              |
| eligible actions            | prihvatljive aktivnosti       | zuschussfähige Maßnahmen      |
| emoluments                  | prihodi                       | Bezüge                        |
| estimate of revenue and     | procjena prihoda i izdataka   | Voranschlag der Einnahmen     |
| expenditure                 |                               | und Ausgaben                  |
| excise duty exemption       | potvrda o oslobođenju od      | Verbrauchsteuerfreistellungs- |
| certificate                 | plaćanja trošarine            | bescheinigung                 |
| excise number/No            | trošarinski broj              | Registrier-                   |
|                             |                               | /Verbrauchsteuernummer        |
| excise product category     | proizvodi oporezivi           | verbrauchsteuerpflichtige     |
| (CAT)                       | trošarinama (CAT)             | Waren (CAT)                   |
| excise product code (EPC)   | kôd proizvoda oporezivih      | Verbrauchsteuer-Produktcode   |
|                             | trošarinama                   | (EPC)                         |
| excise-duty suspension      | sustav odgode plaćanja        | Verfahren der                 |
| arrangements                | trošarina                     | Verbrauchsteueraussetzung     |

| exempt activities                             | djelatnosti koje su izuzete od oporezivanja | steuerbefreite Tätigkeiten                   |
|---|---|--|
| exemption from excise duty                    | oslobođenje od trošarine                    | Verbrauchsteuerbefreiung                     |
| expenditure cycle                             | ciklus rashoda                              | Ausgabenzyklus                               |
| export declaration                            | izvozna deklaracija                         | Ausfuhranmeldung                             |
| export with local clearance                   | izvoz uz kućno carinjenje                   | Ausfuhr mit                                  |
|   |   | Anschreibeverfahren                          |
| exporting Member State                        | država članica izvoznica                    | Ausfuhrmitgliedstaat                         |
| express objections                            | uložiti prigovore                           | Einwände erheben                             |
| external Community transit                    | postupak o vanjskom provozu                 | externes gemeinschaftliches                  |
| procedure                                     | Zajednicom                                  | Versandverfahren                             |
| fallback procedure                            | rezervni postupak                           | Ausfallverfahren                             |
| fee debtor                                    | obveznik naknade                            | Gebührenschuldner                            |
| fee for restitutio in integrum                | pristojba za <i>restitutio in</i>           | Gebühr für die                               |
|   | integrum                                    | Wiedereinsetzung in den                      |
|   | , .,  | vorigen Stand                                |
| fiduciary/person acting in                    | opunomoćenik                                | Treuhänder                                   |
| fiduciary capacity                            |   | T2   |
| financial envelope                            | financijska omotnica                        | Finanzausstattung                            |
| financial quote                               | financijska ponuda                          | Voranschlag                                  |
| fixed transport installations                 | fiksne prometne instalacije                 | festinstallierte                             |
| C C 1 1                                       |   | Transporteinrichtungen                       |
| for fiscal control purposes                   | u svrhu porezne kontrole                    | zu verbrauchsteuerlichen                     |
| C 1'  |   | Kontrollzwecken                              |
| forwarding costs                              | trškovi otpreme                             | Heranführungskosten                          |
| freight documents                             | tovarni listovi                             | Frachtbriefe                                 |
| government deficit                            | državni deficit                             | öffentliches Defizit                         |
| grant a specific derogation                   | odobriti posebno izuzeće                    | eine Ausnahme gestatten                      |
| grants  | bespovratna sredstva                        | Zuschüsse Bruttonationaleinkommen zu         |
| gross national income at                      | bruto nacionalni dohodak po                 |  |
| market prices (GNI)                           | tržišnim cijenama (BND)                     | Marktpreisen (BNE)                           |
| gross national product at market prices (GNP) | bruto nacionalni proizvod po                | Bruttosozialprodukt zu<br>Marktpreisen (BSP) |
| gross weight                                  | tržišnim cijenama (BNP)<br>bruto težina     | Rohgewicht; Bruttogewicht                    |
| hardcore restrictions                         | teška ograničenja                           | Kernbeschränkungen                           |
| head of a household                           | naknada za nositelja                        | Zulage für den                               |
| allowance                                     | kućanstva                                   | Familienvorstand                             |
| horizontal provisions                         | horizontalne odredbe                        | horizontale Vorschriften                     |
| implementing act                              | provedbeni akt                              | Durchführungsrechtsakt                       |
| implementing powers                           | provedbene ovlasti                          | Durchführungsbefugnisse                      |
| import/export duties                          | uvozne/izvozne carine                       | Ein-/Ausfuhrzölle                            |
| import/export duties                          | uvozna/izvozna pristojba                    | Ein-/Ausfuhrabschöpfung                      |
| import/export licence                         | uvozna/izvozna dozvola                      | Ein-/Ausfuhrlizenz                           |
| import/export tax                             | porez na uvoz/izvoz                         | Ein-/Ausfuhrabgabe                           |
| incur expenditure                             | snositi troškove                            | Ausgaben bestreiten                          |
| indirect taxation                             | neizravno oporezivanje                      | indirekte Besteuerung                        |
| insufficient resources                        | neodgovarajući resursi                      | ungenügende Mittel                           |
| intellectual property                         | intelektualno vlasništvo                    | geistiges Eigentum                           |
| menectual property                            | interestuario viasilistvo                   | gerangea Ergentum                            |

| internal administrative procedures                   | interni upravni postupci                   | interne Verwaltungsverfahren                                    |
|--|--|---|
| invalidity fee                                       | pristojba za proglašavanje<br>ništavnosti  | Nichtigkeitsgebühr  |
| invitation to tender                                 | poziv na podnošenje ponuda                 | Ausschreibung   |
| invoice (issue an invoice)                           | faktura (izdati fakturu)                   | Zahlungsaufforderung (ausstellen)                               |
| invoice the fee in one                               | ispostaviti račun za                       | die Gebühr in einer Rate in                                     |
| instalment   | cjelokupnu pristojbu                       | Rechnung stellen  |
| invoices   | računi                                     | Rechnungen  |
| inward processing customs                            | postupak unutarnje                         | zollrechtliches Verfahren der                                   |
| procedure (suspension                                | proizvodnje (suspenzivni                   | aktiven Veredelung  |
| system)  | sustav)                                    | (Nichterhebungsverfahren)                                       |
| Joint Statement                                      | Zajednička izjava                          | Gemeinsame Erklärung  |
| judicial authority                                   | sudska vlast                               | Justizbehörde   |
| kind-of-activity unit                                | funkcionalna jedinica                      | fachliche Einheit   |
| legal person   | pravna osoba                               | juristische Person  |
| legal personality                                    | pravna osobnost                            | Rechtspersönlichkeit  |
| legal remedies                                       | pravna sredstva                            | Rechtsbehelfe   |
| levies   | davanja                                    | Abgaben   |
| liaison department                                   | služba za vezu                             | Verbindungsstelle   |
| liaison official                                     | službenik za vezu                          | Verbindungsbeamter  |
| linked companies                                     | povezana poduzeća                          | verbundene Unternehmen  |
| local unit   | lokalna jedinica                           | örtliche Einheit  |
| lodge a security                                     | položiti sredstvo osiguranja               | eine Sicherheit leisten   |
| lodge an appeal                                      | podnijeti žalbu                            | Beschwerde einlegen   |
| management board                                     | upravni odbor                              | Verwaltungsrat  |
| margin of error                                      | dopuštena pogreška                         | Fehlergrenze  |
| market share threshold                               | prag tržišnog udjela                       | Marktanteilsschwelle  |
| marketing authorisation holders                      | Nositelji odobrenja za stavljanje u promet | Zulassungsinhaber   |
| Member State of arrival                              | država članica<br>isporuke/prispijeća      | Eingangsmitgliedstaat   |
| Member State of consumption                          | država članica potrošnje                   | Verbrauchsmitgliedstaat   |
| Member State of departure                            | polazna država članica                     | Abgangsmitgliedstaat  |
| Member State of destination                          | država članica odredišta                   | Bestimmungsmitgliedstaat  |
| Member State of dispatch                             | država članica otpreme                     | Absendemitgliedstaat  |
| Member State of                                      | država članica poslovnog                   | Mitgliedstaat der   |
| establishment  | nastana                                    | Ansässigkeit/ Niederlassung                                     |
| Member State of                                      | država članica identifikacije              | Mitgliedstaat der   |
| identification                                       |  | Identifizierung   |
| Member State of processing                           | država članica prerade                     | Veredelungsmitgliedstaat  |
| Member State of refund                               | država članica povrata                     | Mitgliedstaat der Erstattung                                    |
| merger (of firms)                                    | spajanje (poduzeća)                        | Unternehmenszusammen-<br>schluss                                |
| micro, small and medium-<br>sized enterprises (SMEs) | mikro, mala i srednja<br>poduzeća (MSP)    | Kleinstunternehmen, kleine<br>und mittlere Unternehmen<br>(KMU) |

| mode of transport                                   | vrsta prijevoza   | Verkehrszweig  |
|---|---|--|
| movement certificate                                | potvrda o prometu robe                                      | Warenverkehrsbescheinigung   |
| national anti-fraud offices                         | nacionalni uredi za borbu<br>protiv prijevara               | nationale<br>Betrugsbekämpfungsstellen   |
| national competent<br>authorities (NCAs)            | nacionalna nadležna tijela                                  | nationalen zuständigen<br>Behörden (National<br>Competent Authorities —<br>NCAs) |
| natural person                                      | fizička osoba   | natürliche Person  |
| net weight  | neto težina   | Eigengewicht; Reingewicht; Nettogewicht  |
| nominee   | ovlaštenik  | Bevollmächtigter   |
| non-established taxable                             | porezni obveznik koji nema                                  | nichtansässiger  |
| person  | poslovni nastan   | Steuerpflichtiger  |
| occupational and personal                           | profesionalni i osobni                                      | Werbungskosten und   |
| expenses  | troškovi  | persönliche Aufwendungen   |
| office of departure                                 | polazna carinarnica   | Abgangszollstelle  |
| office of destination                               | odredišna carinarnica                                       | Bestimmungszollstelle  |
| official secrecy                                    | službena tajna  | Geheimhaltung  |
| only representatives                                | jedinstveni zastupnici                                      | Alleinvertreter  |
| on-the-spot   | na licu mjesta  | vor Ort  |
| operator  | gospodarski subjekt   | Marktteilnehmer/   |
| operator  | gospodarski saojekt   | Wirtschaftsbeteiligter   |
| outsourced to third parties                         | dodijeljen trećim stranama u<br>svojstvu vanjskih suradnika | an Dritte ausgelagert  |
| outstanding amount                                  | nepodmireni iznos   | ausstehender Betrag  |
| overall estimate                                    | sveobuhvatna procjena                                       | globale Schätzung  |
| parent undertaking                                  | matično društvo   | Mutterunternehmen  |
| part-declaration                                    | skraćena deklaracija  | Teilanmeldung  |
| partner companies                                   | poduzeća u partnerstvu                                      | Partnerunternehmen   |
| pay in X instalments                                | platiti u X obroka  | in X Tranchen zahlen   |
| payment notice                                      | platna obavijest  | Zahlungsaufforderung   |
| pending export licence applications                 | zahtjevi za izdavanje X koji<br>su u tijeku                 | anhängige Anträge auf X  |
| pension scheme                                      | mirovinski sustav   | Altersversorgungssystem  |
| period of limitation                                | razdoblje ograničenja                                       | Verjährungsfrist   |
| pre-accession strategy                              | pretpristupna strategija                                    | Heranführungsstrategie   |
| principal refinancing operations                    | glavni poslovi refinanciranja                               | Hauptrefinanzierungs-<br>geschäfte   |
| principle of sound financial management             | načelo dobrog financijskog<br>upravljanja                   | Grundsatz der Wirtschaftlichkeit der Haushaltsführung                            |
| principles of economy, efficiency and effectiveness | načela ekonomičnosti,<br>učinkovitosti i djelotvornosti     | Grundsätze der Sparsamkeit,<br>der Wirtschaftlichkeit und der<br>Wirksamkeit     |
| products subject to excise duty; excisable products | proizvodi koji podliježu<br>trošarini                       | verbrauchsteuerpflichtige<br>Waren   |
| prudential supervision of credit institutions       | bonitetni nadzor kreditnih<br>institucija                   | Aufsicht über Kreditinstitute  |

| public procurement           | javna nabava                           | öffentliche Beschaffung    |
|------------------------------|--|----------------------------|
| publication fee              | pristojba za objavu                    | Bekanntmachungsgebühr      |
| quotation                    | kotacija                               | Notierung                  |
| reasoned refusal             | opravdana uskrata                      | begründete Ablehnung       |
| recapitulative statements    | zbirne prijave                         | zusammenfassende           |
| 1                            | 1 3                                    | Meldungen                  |
| record of control            | zapisnik o kontroli                    | Kontrollvermerk            |
| reduced rate of excise duty  | snižena stopa trošarine                | ermäßigter                 |
|                              |  | Verbrauchsteuersatz        |
| reduction in the rate of     | smanjenje carinske stope               | Zollermäßigung             |
| customs duty                 |  |                            |
| refund                       | subvencija                             | Erstattung                 |
| registration fee             | pristojba za registraciju              | Eintragungsgebühr          |
| relative weighting           | relativni ponder                       | relative Gewichtung        |
| remittance of cheques        | doznaka čekova                         | Übersendung von Schecks    |
| removal from post in the     | premještaj u interesu službe           | Stellenenthebung aus       |
| interests of the service     |  | dienstlichen Gründen       |
| remuneration                 | primitak od rada                       | Dienstbezüge               |
| renewal fee                  | pristojba za produljenje<br>valjanosti | Verlängerungsgebühr        |
| report of receipt            | potvrda o primitku                     | Eingangsmeldung            |
| reporting period             | izvještajno razdoblje                  | Erklärungszeitraum         |
| requested authority          | tijelo koje prima zahtjev              | ersuchte Behörde           |
| requesting authority         | tijelo koje podnosi zahtjev            | ersuchende Behörde         |
| resource side                | strana izvora                          | Aufkommensseite            |
| restrictions procedure       | postupak utvrđivanja<br>ograničenja    | Beschränkungsverfahren     |
| retail sale                  | pojedinačna prodaja                    | Einzelverkauf              |
| return                       | povrat                                 | Rendite                    |
| review report                | izvješće o reviziji                    | Überprüfungsbericht        |
| ring trial                   | interlaboratorijsko<br>ustraživanje    | Ringversuch                |
| risk assessment              | ocjena rizika                          | Risikoanalyse              |
| risk profile                 | profil rizika                          | Risikoprofil               |
| risk weighted assets         | imovina ponderirana rizikom            | risikogewichtete Aktiva    |
| rules of procedure           | poslovnik                              | Geschäftsordnung           |
| rules on secrecy and data    | pravila o povjerljivosti i             | Geheimhaltungsvorschriften |
| protection                   | zaštiti podataka                       | und                        |
|                              |  | Datenschutzbestimmungen    |
| safety update reports        | izvješće o neškodljivosti              | Unbedenklichkeitsbericht   |
| salaries                     | plaće                                  | Gehälter                   |
| scheme of generalised tariff | sustav općih carinskih                 | Schema allgemeiner         |
| preferences                  | povlastica                             | Zollpräferenzen            |
| scission (of a firm)         | podjela (poduzeća)                     | Unternehmensspaltung       |
| secured deposit              | osigurani depozit                      | gesicherte Einlage         |
| Securities                   | vrijednosni papiri                     | Wertpapiere                |
| simplified accompanying      | pojednostavljeni prateći               | vereinfachtes              |
| document                     | dokument                               | Begleitdokument            |
| simultaneous control         | usporedni nadzor                       | gleichzeitige Prüfung      |

| Single Administrative Document | Jedinstvena carinska<br>deklaracija | Einheitspapier                |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Single Supervisory             | jedinstveni nadzorni                | einheitlicher Aufsichts-      |
| Mechanism (SSM)                | mehanizam (SSM)                     | mechanismus (Single           |
|                                |                                     | Supervisory Mechanism — SSM)  |
| smart, sustainable and         | pametan, održiv i uključiv          | intelligentes, nachhaltiges   |
| inclusive growth               | rast                                | und integratives Wachstum     |
| social benefits                | socijalne naknade                   | Sozialleistungen              |
| social benefits other than     | socijalne naknade osim              | monetäre Sozialleistungen     |
| social transfers in kind       | socijalnih transfera u naturi       |                               |
| sound financial management     | dobro financijsko upravljanje       | wirtschaftliche               |
|                                |                                     | Haushaltsführung              |
| special arrangement            | posebni aranžman                    | Sonderregelung                |
| statistical territory          | statističko područje                | statistisches Erhebungsgebiet |
| subsidiary                     | društvo kćeri                       | Tochterunternehmen            |
| supervisory fees               | naknade za nadzor                   | Aufsichtsgebühren             |
| surcharge                      | dodatan iznos                       | Zuschlag                      |
| tax avoidance                  | izbjegavanje plaćanja poreza        | Steuerumgehung                |
| tax declaration                | porezna deklaracija                 | Steueranmeldung               |
| tax evasion                    | porezna utaja                       | Steuerhinterziehung           |
| taxes                          | porezi                              | Steuern                       |
| taxes on production and        | porezi na proizvodnju i uvoz        | Produktions- und              |
| imports                        |                                     | Importabgaben                 |
| tendering procedure            | natječajni postupak                 | Ausschreibung                 |
| total risk exposure            | ukupna izloženost riziku            | Gesamtrisikobetrag            |
| transfer of funds              | prijenos sredstava                  | Mittelabtretung               |
| transitional arrangement       | prijelazni aranžman                 | Übergangsmaßnahme             |
| transport by inland waterway   | promet unutarnjim vodama            | Binnenschiffsverkehr          |
| turnover tax                   | porez na promet                     | Umsatzsteuer                  |
| use side                       | strana uporaba                      | Verwendungsseite              |
| VAT identification number      | identifikacijski broj za PDV        | Mehrwertsteuer-               |
|                                |                                     | Identifikationsnummer         |
| wages                          | nadnice                             | Löhne                         |
| X % by weight of               | X % masenog udjela                  | X GHT                         |
|                                |                                     | (Gewichtshundertteile)/       |
|                                |                                     | Gewichtsprozent               |

# 6.2. Table of ready-made legal phrases and sentences

This table contains ready-made legal phrases and sentences found in the 29 regulations with which this thesis deals. They appear in many, some even in every regulation and they are almost always found in the identical form. They are sorted alphabetically in the ascending order by the first, English, column.

| ENGLISH  | CROATIAN  | GERMAN  |
|--|---|---|
| After consulting the [name of the committee]   | nakon savjetovanja s [ime odbora]   | nach Anhörung des<br>Ausschusses [Name des<br>Ausschusses]  |
| After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national Parliaments  | nakon prosljeđivanja nacrta<br>zakonodavnog akta<br>nacionalnim parlamentima  | nach Zuleitung des Entwurfs<br>des Gesetzgebungsakts an die<br>nationalen Parlamente  |
| as last amended by   | kako je zadnje izmijenjen (-a/<br>-o)   | zuletzt geändert durch  |
| be based on a dual legal basis   | temeljiti se na dvostrukoj<br>pravnoj osnovi  | auf einer doppelten<br>Rechtsgrundlage beruhen  |
| by way of derogation from  | odstupajući od  | abweichend von  |
| codified version   | kodificirana verzija  | kodifizierte Fassung  |
| Done at Brussels   | Sastavljeno u Bruxellesu  | (Geschehen zu) Brüssel  |
| expressed in ecus (European  | iskazan u ECU (europska   | ausgedrückt in Ecu  |
| Currency Unit)   | valutna jedinica)   | (Europäische  |
|  |   | Währungseinheit)  |
| general and final provisions   | opće i završne odredbe  | allgemeine Bestimmungen und Schlussbestimmungen   |
| has adopted this Regulation  | donio/donijela/-o je ovu<br>Uredbu  | hat folgende Verordnung erlassen  |
| Having published a draft of this Regulation  | nakon objave nacrta ove<br>Uredbe   | nach Veröffentlichung des<br>Entwurfs dieser Verordnung   |
| Having published a draft of  | nakon objave nacrta ove   | nach Veröffentlichung des   |
| this Regulation  | Uredbe  | Entwurfs dieser Verordnung  |
| Having regard to (Directive)   | uzimajući u obzir (Direktivu)   | gestützt auf die (Richtlinie)   |
| , and in particular Article X  | , a posebno njezin članak   | , insbesondere auf Artikel X  |
| (X) thereof  | X. stavak X.  | Absatz X  |
| having regard to (the Treaty, Regulation)  | uzimajući u obzir (Ugovor,<br>Uredbu)   | gestützt auf Akk. (den  |
| Having regard to the opinion   | uzimajući u obzir mišljenje   | Vertrag, die Verordnung ) nach Stellungnahme  |
| Having regard to the proposal  | uzimajući u obzir prijedlog   | auf Vorschlag (der  |
| from (the Commission)  | (Komisije)  | Kommission)   |
| hereinafter referred to as 'X'   | u daljnjem tekstu "X"   | nachstehend/nachfolgend "X" genannt   |
| In accordance with the principle of proportionality, as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary to achieve that objective. | U skladu s načelom<br>proporcionalnosti određenim<br>u istom članku, ova Uredba<br>ne prelazi ono što je potrebno<br>za ostvarivanje tih ciljeva. | Entsprechend dem in<br>demselben Artikel genannten<br>Grundsatz der<br>Verhältnismäßigkeit geht<br>diese Verordnung nicht über<br>das zur Erreichung dieses<br>Ziels erforderliche Maß<br>hinaus. |
| in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article X(X)   | u skladu s postupkom iz<br>članka X. stavka X.  | nach dem in Artikel X Absatz<br>X genannten Verfahren   |
| interaction (of articles/paragraphs)   | međudjelovanje<br>(članaka/stavaka)   | Wechselwirkung (von Artikeln/Absätzen)  |
| notwithstanding  | ungeachtet  | neovisno o  |
|  | 0   |   |

| recast                          | preinaka                        | Neufassung                    |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| References made to the          | Upućivanja na Uredbu izvan      | Bezugnahmen auf die           |
| repealed Regulation shall be    | snage tumače se kao             | aufgehobene Verordnung        |
| construed as references to this | upućivanje na ovu Uredbu.       | gelten als Bezugnahmen auf    |
| Regulation.                     | ap are surely come of a control | die vorliegende Verordnung.   |
| References to the Articles of   | Upućivanje na članke uredbe     | Die Bezugnahmen und           |
| the repealed Regulation         | stavljene izvan snage čita se u | Verweise auf die Artikel der  |
| should be read in accordance    | skladu s korelacijskom          | aufgehobenen Verordnung       |
| with the correlation table in   | tablicom u Prilogu.             | sind der                      |
| the Annex.                      | tuoneom u i mogu.               | Übereinstimmungstabelle im    |
| the Timex.                      |                                 | Anhang zu entnehmen.          |
| References to the Regulation    | Upućivanja na uredbu            | Verweise auf die durch        |
| repealed under paragraph X      | stavljenu izvan snage na        | Absatz 1 aufgehobene          |
| shall be construed as           | temelju stavka X. smatraju se   | Verordnung gelten als         |
| references to this Regulation.  | upućivanjima na ovu Uredbu.     | Verweise auf die vorliegende  |
| references to this Regulation.  | upucivanjima na ovu Oredou.     | Verordnung.                   |
| Regulation X is repealed with   | Uredba X stavlja se izvan       | Die Verordnung X wird mit     |
| effect from (date).             | snage (s učinkom) od            | Wirkung zum (Datum)           |
| effect from (date).             | (datum).                        | aufgehoben.                   |
| Regulation X of (date) has      | Uredba X od (datum) znatno      | Die Verordnung X vom          |
| been substantially amended.     | je izmjenjivana. Radi jasnoće   | (Datum) ist in wesentlichen   |
| •                               |                                 | Punkten geändert worden.      |
| In the interests of clarity and | i racionalnosti, navedenu       | Aus Gründen der               |
| rationality the said Regulation | Uredbu treba kodificirati.      |                               |
| should be codified.             |                                 | Übersichtlichkeit und         |
|                                 |                                 | Klarheit empfiehlt es sich    |
|                                 |                                 | daher, die genannte           |
| Deculations V and V and         | Handha V : V stardinin an       | Verordnung zu kodifizieren.   |
| Regulations X and Y are         | Uredbe X i Y stavljaju se       | Die Verordnungen X und Y      |
| hereby repealed from (date).    | izvan snage od (datum).         | werden am (Datum)             |
|                                 | . 1                             | aufgehoben.                   |
| save in case of force majeure   | osim u slučaju force            | außer/ausgenommen im Fall     |
|                                 | majeure/više sile               | höherer Gewalt                |
| Shortage penalty clause         | Kaznena klauzula u slučaju      | Verknappungsklausel           |
|                                 | nestašice                       |                               |
| Text with EEA relevance         | Tekst značajan za EGP           | Text von Bedeutung für den    |
|                                 | 20                              | EWR                           |
| The measures provided for in    | Mjere predviđene ovom           | Die in dieser Verordnung      |
| this Regulation are in          | Uredbom u skladu su s           | vorgesehenen Maßnahmen        |
| accordance with the opinion     | mišljenjem Upravljačkog         | entsprechen der               |
| of the Management               | odbora za X.                    | Stellungnahme des             |
| Committee for X.                |                                 | Verwaltungsausschusses für    |
|                                 |                                 | X.                            |
| This Regulation shall be        | Ova je Uredba u cijelosti       | Diese Verordnung ist in allen |
| binding in its entirety and     | obvezujuća i izravno se         | ihren Teilen verbindlich und  |
| directly applicable in all      | primjenjuje u svim državama     | gilt unmittelbar in jedem     |
| Member States.                  | članicama.                      | Mitgliedstaat.                |
| This Regulation shall enter     | Ova Uredba stupa na snagu       | Diese Verordnung tritt am     |
| into force on (date).           | (datum).                        | (Datum) in Kraft.             |

| This Regulation shall enter into force on the X <sup>th</sup> day following/on the day of its publication in the Official Journal of the European | Ova Uredba stupa na snagu<br>X-og dana od dana/na dan<br>objave u Službenom listu<br>Europske unije. | Diese Verordnung tritt am X-<br>en Tag nach/am Tag ihrer<br>Veröffentlichung im<br>Amtsblatt der Europäischen<br>Union in Kraft. |
|---|--|--|
| Union.  |  |  |
| transitional provisions   | prijelazne odredbe   | Übergangsbestimmungen  |
| within the meaning of Article X   | u smislu članka X  | im Sinne des Artikels X  |
| without prejudice to  | ne dovodeći u pitanje  | unbeschadet/X wird von Y nicht berührt   |

# 6.3. Table of (EU) institutions, titles, treaties, etc.

This table contains names of various institutions, titles, agreements, treaties, committees, etc. which came up during the analysis. They are checked in the IATE (InterActive Terminology for Europe) term base, but, unfortunately, Croatian translations are still missing in many cases. They do not always appear in this form in the regulations; some information (abbreviations in most cases) are added as found in IATE for the sake of having the highest information density possible. They are sorted alphabetically in the ascending order by the first, English, column.

| ENGLISH                       | CROATIAN                       | GERMAN                   |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 'Small Business Act' for      | "Zakon o malom                 | "Small Business Act" für |
| Europe (SBA)                  | poduzetništvu" za Europu       | Europa (Initiative für   |
|                               |                                | kleine und mittlere      |
|                               |                                | Unternehmen in Europa,   |
|                               |                                | SBA)                     |
| Advisory Committee on         | Savjetodavni odbor za pitanja  | Beratender Ausschuss für |
| Restrictive Practices and     | ograničavajućih djelovanja i   | Kartell- und             |
| Dominant Positions            | vladajućih položaja            | Monopolfragen            |
| Advocate General              | nezavisan odvjetnik            | Generalanwalt            |
| Agreement establishing an     | Sporazum o udruživanju         | Abkommen zur Gründung    |
| Association between the       | između Europske zajednice i    | einer Assoziation        |
| European Community and        | Turske                         | zwischen der             |
| Turkey                        |                                | Europäischen             |
|                               |                                | Gemeinschaft und der     |
|                               |                                | Türkei                   |
| Assistant Rapporteur          | pomoćni izvjestitelj           | Hilfsberichterstatter    |
| Audit Board                   | Revizorski odbor               | Kontrollausschuss        |
| Board of Appeal               | Odbor za žalbe                 | Widerspruchskammer       |
| Charter of Fundamental Rights | Povelja o temeljnim pravima    | Charta der Grundrechte   |
| of the European Union         | Europske unije                 | der Europäischen Union   |
| Commission's Joint Research   | Zajednički istraživački centar | Gemeinsame               |
| Centre                        | Komisije                       | Forschungsstelle (GFS)   |
|                               |                                | der Kommission           |

| Committee for Risk<br>Assessment   | Odbor za procjenu opasnosti   | Ausschuss für<br>Risikobeurteilung  |
|--|---|---|
| Committee for Socioeconomic<br>Analysis  | Odbor za socioekonomsku analizu   | Ausschuss für<br>sozioökonomische<br>Analyse  |
| Committee for the implementation of Fiscalis 2020                                  | Odbor za provedu programa<br>Fiscalis 2020  | Fiscalis-2020-Ausschuss   |
| Committee on Excise Duties   | Odbor za trošarine  | Verbrauchsteuerausschuss  |
| Committee on Monetary,<br>Financial and Balance of<br>Payments Statistics (CMFB)   | Odbor za monetarnu,<br>financijsku i platnobilančnu<br>statistiku (CMFB)            | Ausschuss für die<br>Währungs-, Finanz- und<br>Zahlungsbilanzstatistiken<br>(AWFZ)    |
| Committee on statistics relating to the trading of goods with non-member countries | Odbor za statistiku koja se<br>odnosi na vanjsku trgovinu s<br>državama nečlanicama | Ausschuss für die Statistik des Warenverkehrs mit Drittländern                        |
| Committee on the statistics relating to the trading of goods between Member States | Odbor za statistiku robne razmjene između država članica                            | Ausschuss für die Statistik des Warenverkehrs zwischen Mitgliedstaaten                |
| common communication<br>network (CCN)  | zajednička komunikacijska<br>mreža (CCN)  | Gemeinsames Kommunikationsnetzwerk/ Common Communication Network (CCN)                |
| common system interface (CSI)  | zajednički sustav sučelja (CSI)   | Gemeinsame<br>Systemschnittstelle/Comm<br>on System Interface (CSI)                   |
| Common system of value added tax   | Zajednički sustav poreza na dodanu vrijednost                                       | Gemeinsames<br>Mehrwertsteuersystem   |
| Community Designs Bulletin   | Bilten dizajna Zajednice  | Amtsblatt für<br>Gemeinschaftsgeschmacks<br>muster                                    |
| Community reference laboratory (CRL)   | referentni laboratorij Zajednice (RLZ)  | gemeinschaftliches<br>Referenzlaboratorium<br>(GRL)                                   |
| Conditions of Employment of<br>Other Servants of the<br>Communities                | Uvjeti zaposlenja ostalih službenika Zajednice                                      | Beschäftigungsbedingunge<br>n für die sonstigen<br>Bediensteten der<br>Gemeinschaften |
| Court of Auditors  | Revizorski sud  | Rechnungshof  |
| Court of Justice of the<br>European Union (CJEU)                                   | Sud Europske unije  | Gerichtshof der<br>Europäischen Union<br>(EuGH)                                       |
| Ecofin Council   | Vijeće Ecofin   | Rat "Wirtschaft und<br>Finanzen" (Ecofin)   |
| Economic and Monetary Union (EMU)  | Ekonomska i monetarna unija (EMU)   | Wirtschafts- und<br>Währungsunion (WWU)   |
| Economic and Social<br>Committee   | Gospodarski i socijalni odbor   | Wirtschafts- und<br>Sozialausschuss   |

| European Anti-fraud Office (OLAF)                                  | Europski ured za suzbijanje<br>prijevara (OLAF)              | Europäisches Amt für<br>Betrugsbekämpfung<br>(OLAF)  |
|--|--|--|
| European Atomic Energy   | Europska zajednica za atomsku                                | Europäische  |
| Community (EAEC)   | energiju (EZAE)  | Atomgemeinschaft (EAG)   |
| European Aviation Safety   | Europska agencija za sigurnost                               | Europäische Agentur für  |
| Agency   | zračnog prometa  | Flugsicherheit   |
| European Chemicals Agency  | Europska agencija za<br>kemikalije                           | Europäische<br>Chemikalienagentur  |
| European Coal and Steel<br>Community (ECSC)                        | Europska zajednica za ugljen i čelik (EZUČ)                  | Europäische Gemeinschaft für Kohle und Stahl (EGKS)  |
| European Data Protection<br>Supervisor (EDPS)                      | Europski nadzornik za zaštitu podataka (EDPS)                | Europäischer<br>Datenschutzbeauftragter<br>(EDSB)  |
| European Economic<br>Community (EEC)                               | Europska ekonomska zajednica (EEZ)                           | Europäische<br>Wirtschaftsgemeinschaft<br>(EWG)  |
| European Free Trade<br>Association (EFTA)                          | Europsko udruženje slobodne trgovine (EFTA)                  | Europäische<br>Freihandelsassoziation<br>(EFTA)  |
| European Index of Consumer<br>Prices                               | Europski indeks potrošačkih cijena                           | Europäischer<br>Verbraucherpreisindex  |
| European Investment Bank (EIB)                                     | Europska investicijska banka (EIB)                           | Europäische<br>Investitionsbank (EIB)  |
| European Medicines Agency  | Europska agencija za lijekove                                | Europäische<br>Arzneimittelagentur   |
| European Neighbourhood<br>Policy                                   | Europska politika susjedstva                                 | Europäische<br>Nachbarschaftspolitik   |
| European Network of GMO laboratories (ENGL)                        | Europska mreža GMO<br>laboratorija (ENGL)                    | Europäisches Netz für GVO-Labors (ENGL)  |
| European System of accounts<br>1995 (ESA 95)                       | Europski sustav nacionalnih računa (ESA 95)                  | Europäisches System der<br>Volkswirtschaftlichen<br>Gesamtrechnung (ESVG<br>95)  |
| European system of national and regional accounts in the Community | Europski sustav nacionalnih i regionalnih računa u Zajednici | Europäisches System<br>Volkswirtschaftlicher<br>Gesamtrechnungen auf<br>nationaler und regionaler<br>Ebene in der Europäischen<br>Gemeinschaft |
| General requirements for the                                       | Opći zahtjevi za   | Allgemeine   |
| competence of testing and calibration laboratories                 | osposobljenost ispitnih i<br>umjernih laboratorija           | Anforderungen an die<br>Kompetenz von Prüf- und<br>Kalibrierlaboratorien   |
| Gross National Product<br>Committee (GNP Committee)                | Odbor za bruto nacionalni<br>proizvod (Odbor za BNP)         | Bruttosozialprodukt-<br>Ausschuss (BSP-<br>Ausschuss)  |
| International Chamber of Commerce                                  | Međunarodna trgovinska<br>komora                             | Internationale<br>Handelskammer  |

| International Customs                  | Međunarodna carinska              | Internationales                   |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Convention                             | konvencija                        | Zollübereinkommen                 |
| International Standards                | Međunarodna organizacija za       | Internationale                    |
| Organization                           | normizaciju                       | Normenorganisation                |
| Lisbon Growth and Jobs                 | Lisabonska strategija za rast i   | Lissabon-Strategie für            |
| Strategy                               | radna mjesta                      | Wachstum und                      |
|  |                                   | Beschäftigung                     |
| Management Committee for Cereals       | Upravni odbor za žitarice         | Verwaltungsausschuss für Getreide |
| Management Committee for Oils and Fats | Upravni odbor za ulja i masti     | Verwaltungsausschuss für Fette    |
| Management Committee for               | Upravljački odbor za              | Verwaltungsausschuss für          |
| the Common Organisation of             | zajedničku organizaciju           | die gemeinsame                    |
| Agricultural Markets                   | poljoprivrednih tržišta           | Organisation der                  |
|  |                                   | Agrarmärkte                       |
| Ministry of Economic Affairs           | Ministarstvo za gospodarske       | Wirtschafts- und                  |
| and Finance                            | poslove i financije               | Finanzministerium                 |
| Office for Harmonization in            | Ured za usklađivanje na           | Harmonisierungsamt für            |
| the Internal Market (Trade             | unutarnjem tržištu (žigovi i      | den Binnenmarkt (Marken,          |
| Marks and Designs)                     | dizajni)                          | Muster und Modelle)               |
| Pharmacovigilance Risk                 | Odbor za procjenu rizika u        | Ausschuss für                     |
| Assessment Committee                   | području farmakovigilancije       | Risikobewertung im                |
|  |                                   | Bereich der                       |
|  |                                   | Pharmakovigilanz                  |
| Protocol on Privileges and             | Protokol o povlasticama i         | Protokoll über die                |
| Immunities of the European             | imunitetima Europskih             | Vorrechte und                     |
| Communities                            | zajednica                         | Befreiungen der                   |
|  |                                   | Europäischen                      |
|  |                                   | Gemeinschaften                    |
| Registrar                              | tajnik                            | Kanzler                           |
| Security Accreditation                 | Tijelo Europske komisije za       | Akkreditierungsstelle für         |
| Authority of the European              | sigurnosne akreditacije           | Sicherheit der                    |
| Commission                             |                                   | Europäischen Kommission           |
| Staff Regulations of Officials         | Pravilnik o osoblju za dužnosnike | Statut der Beamten                |
| Standing Committee on                  | Stalni odbor za                   | Ständiger Ausschuss für           |
| Administrative Cooperation             | upravnu/administrativnu           | die Zusammenarbeit der            |
| (SCAC)                                 | suradnju                          | Verwaltungsbehörden               |
|  |                                   | (SCAC)                            |
| Standing Committee on the              | Stalni odbor za prehrambeni       | Ständiger Ausschuss für           |
| Food Chain and Animal Health           | lanac i zdravlje životinja        | die Lebensmittelkette und         |
|  |                                   | Tiergesundheit                    |
| Statistical Programme                  | Odbor za statistički program      | Ausschuss für das                 |
| Committee (SPC)                        | (SPC)                             | Statistische Programm             |
|  |                                   | (ASP)                             |

| Treaty establishing a Single<br>Council and a Single<br>Commission of the European<br>Communities | Ugovor o osnivanju<br>jedinstvenog Vijeća i<br>jedinstvene Komisije<br>Europskih zajednica | Vertrag zur Einsetzung<br>eines gemeinsamen Rates<br>und einer gemeinsamen<br>Kommission der<br>Europäischen<br>Gemeinschaften |
|---|--|--|
| Treaty establishing the European Community  | Ugovor o osnivanju Europske zajednice  | Vertrag zur Gründung der<br>Europäischen<br>Gemeinschaft (EGV)   |
| Treaty establishing the European Economic Community   | Ugovor o osnivanju Europske ekonomske zajednice  | Vertrag zur Gründung der<br>Europäischen<br>Wirtschaftsgemeinschaft<br>(EWGV)  |
| Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU)  | Ugovor o funkcioniranju<br>Europske unije (UFEU)   | Vertrag über die<br>Arbeitsweise der<br>Europäischen Union<br>(AEUV)   |
| Uruguay Round of multilateral trade negotiations  | Urugvajska runda višestranih trgovinskih pregovora   | multilaterale<br>Handelsverhandlungen der<br>Uruguay-Runde   |
| VAT information exchange system (VIES)  | sustav razmjene informacija s<br>područja PDV-a (VIES)                                     | MwSt-<br>Informationsaustauschsyst<br>em<br>(MIAS)   |

# 6.4. Table of frequent article names

This table contains certain article names which come up quite frequently in the 29 regulations. They are sorted alphabetically in the ascending order by the first, English, column.

| ENGLISH                  | CROATIAN                    | GERMAN                  |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| Definitions              | Definicije                  | Begriffsbestimmungen    |
| Entry into force         | Stupanje na snagu           | Inkrafttreten           |
| Final provisions         | Završne odredbe             | Schlussbestimmungen     |
| General provisions       | Opće odredbe                | Allgemeine Bestimmungen |
| Period of validity       | Razdoblje valjanosti        | Geltungsdauer           |
| Repeal                   | Stavljanje izvan snage      | Aufhebung               |
| Subject matter and scope | Predmet i područje primjene | Gegenstand und          |
|                          |                             | Anwendungsbereich       |
| Transitional period      | Prijelazno razdoblje        | Übergangszeitraum       |
| Transitional provisions  | Prijelazne odredbe          | Übergangsbestimmungen   |

### Sažetak

Ovaj rad, napisan na temelju poreznog zakonodavstva EU-a na engleskom, hrvatskom i njemačkom, temelji se na analizi dvadeset devet uredbi na snazi čiji su autori Parlament, Vijeće, Komisija i Europska središnja banka. Među tih dvadeset devet uredbi nalazi se i jedna preinaka, a ispavke nisu uzimane u obzir. Uredbe su donesene u razdoblju od 1968. do 2014., a njihova analiza nije dala samo niz korisne i točne terminologije, već pokazuje i koliko je terminologija EU-a standardizirana sa svojom skoro sveprisutnom ekvivalencijom jedan na jedan. Ona također pokazuje koliko učinkoviti prevoditelji Europske unije moraju biti, a i jesu u stvarnosti. Analiza otkriva i različite tendencije koje engleski, njemački i hrvatski imaju s obzirom na pravne termine i pravopisne načine imenovanja različitih dijelova zakonodavnih akata, ali i koliko su te razlike na razini EU-a izmirene radi jasnoće i ujednačenosti. Cilj je ovoga rada dati korisne savjete za prevođenje zakonodavstva EU-a, ukazati na razlike koje valja uzeti u obzir te izraditi glosar terminologije vezane uz područje oporezivanja Europske unije.

Ključne riječi: zakonodavstvo, oporezivanje, uredba, terminologija